

Grasim

BUY

 BSE SENSEX
 S&P CNX

 59,537
 17,759





Stock Info

Bloomberg	GRASIM IN
Equity Shares (m)	657
M.Cap.(INRb)/(USDb)	1105.2 / 13.9
52-Week Range (INR)	1933 / 1273
1, 6, 12 Rel. Per (%)	3/-1/9
12M Avg Val (INR M)	1812

Financials Snapshot (INR b)

	<u> </u>		
Y/E March	FY22	FY23E	FY24E
Sales	208.6	278.0	268.9
EBITDA	32.2	42.4	43.1
Adj. PAT	22.3	28.5	27.9
EBITDA Margin (%)	15.4	15.3	16.0
S/A Adj. EPS (INR)	33.9	43.3	42.4
S/A EPS Gr. (%)	150.1	27.7	-2.1
Consol EPS (INR)	111.5	108.4	109.9
BV/Sh. (INR)	738.4	773.7	807.6
Ratios			
Net D:E	-0.0	0.0	-0.0
RoE (%)	11.5	13.6	11.5
RoCE (%)	12.9	15.3	13.6
Valuations			
P/E (x)	49.6	38.8	39.6
P/BV (x)	2.3	2.2	2.1
EV/EBITDA(x)	10.4	8.1	7.7
Div. Yield (%)	0.6	0.5	0.5
FCF Yield (%)	0.1	-0.8	1.4
·			

CMP: INR1,679 TP: INR1,880 (+12%)

Core business performance improves

Diversified portfolio offers long-term growth opportunities

GRASIM's FY22 Annual Report highlights integration across the value-chain and diversification into new businesses. The key strategic elements are: 1) capacity expansion to cater to the growing demand across businesses; 2) increase in percentage of chlorine integration to 40% by FY25; 3) improving share of renewable energy (RE) in the overall power mix; 4) setting up zero liquid discharge (ZLD) plants to reduce emissions; and 5) foray into high growth businesses – Paints and B2B e-commerce. We maintain our Buy rating on the stock with a TP of INR1,880.

Standalone performance improved in FY22

- Standalone revenue grew 68% YoY to INR209b. EBITDA grew 105% YoY to INR32b. EBITDA margin increased by 2.8pp YoY to 15.4%. The improvement in performance was led by higher sales volume and better realization, which was partly offset by a rise in raw material and input cost in 2HFY22, amid a volatile external environment.
- Earnings before tax and exceptional items grew 191% YoY to INR30b, led by improved EBITDA and an increase in other income (up 74% YoY to INR9b backed by higher dividend from UTCEM). Adjusted PAT (adjusted for the prior period tax reversal and exceptional items) grew 150% YoY to INR22b.

GRASIM holds numero uno position domestically in VSF; outlook positive

- VSF volumes grew 30% YoY to 602KT in FY22, albeit on a low base. However, the same was higher by only 9% as compared to FY20 levels. VSF capacity utilization stood at 97% in FY22 v/s 76% in FY21.
- Net revenue/EBITDA for the VSF business grew 75%/45% YoY to INR122b/ INR17b. However, EBITDA margin declined by 3pp YoY to 14% due to a sharp increase in raw material and input costs in 2HFY22.
- VSF demand in India is expected to grow at 10% CAGR over CY21-25, led by rising Textile consumption due to population growth, rising urbanization, and improved standards of living.

The Chemical business reports a strong performance in FY22

- Caustic soda volumes grew 16% YoY to 1.04mt in FY22. However, it was higher by only 5% as compared to FY20 levels. Caustic soda capacity utilization stood at 88% v/s 78% in FY21.
- Net revenue for the Chemical business grew 72% YoY to INR79b. EBITDA grew 160% to INR15b. EBITDA margin surged 6.6pp YoY to 19%, led by a significant improvement in realization and improved sales volumes.

Capacity expansions and a foray into new business to aid growth

 GRASIM commissioned its 600tpd brownfield expansion in two phases in 2HFY22 at Vilayat, Gujarat, taking its total VSF capacity to 824ktpa. It aims to raise its VSF capacity by 48tpd through debottlenecking across three plants.

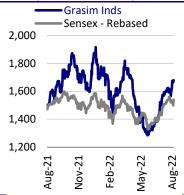
Sanjeev Kumar Singh - Research analyst (Sanjeev.Singh@MotilalOswal.com)

Shareholding pattern (%)

Jun-22	Mar-22	Jun-21
42.8	42.8	42.1
15.4	14.4	16.0
11.7	12.9	15.3
30.2	29.9	26.6
	42.8 15.4 11.7	15.4 14.4 11.7 12.9

FII Includes depository receipts

Stock's performance (one-year)



- GRASIM has expanded its caustic soda capacity by 12.5% YoY to 1,290ktpa. It added a capacity of 142ktpa across Rehla, Jharkhand (91ktpa) and Balabhadrapuram, Andhra Pradesh (51ktpa) in FY22.
- The company commissioned a chloromethane plant with a capacity of 55ktpa (Phase I) at Vilayat, Gujarat, which will help improve chlorine integration.
- Looking at the strong demand growth in advanced materials, the management is doubling its existing capacity (to 246ktpa from 123ktpa) through brownfield expansion at its existing location by FY24.
- The management's focus is on integration across the value chain and diversifying into new segments. It has forayed into two businesses: Paints and B2B e-commerce. Both businesses will be the growth engine to its existing portfolio of businesses.

Deleverages its Balance Sheet; supports capex needs of new ventures

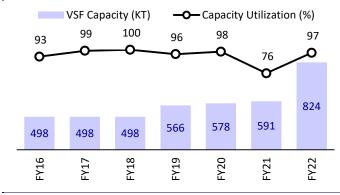
- GRASIM turned net cash positive, partly backed by proceeds from the divestment of the Fertilizer business. The latter was completed as of 1st Jan'22 for a total consideration of INR18.7b. Its net cash balance (standalone) stood at INR8.5b v/s a net debt of INR9.1b. Its standalone net debt-to-EBITDA ratio stood at (0.3x) in FY22 v/s 0.6x in FY21.
- It has been generating strong cash flows, with the cumulative OCF at INR84b in FY20-22 (v/s INR72b over FY17-19). FCF fell over FY20-22 as cumulative FCF stood at INR20b (v/s INR36b over FY17-19) owing to a higher capex. Going forward, capex will remain high, given the capacity expansion in its existing businesses and foray into new businesses, which is likely to turn FCF negative.

Foray into Paints augurs well; maintain our Buy rating

- GRASIM, via its holdings in UTCEM, is a quasi-play on the Cement space. In our SoTP valuation for GRASIM, UTCEM contributes 65%. We are positive on the Cement business, with UTCEM being our top pick in the largecap space.
- GRASIM's plan to invest INR100b in the Paints business indicates its intent of entering this space on a large scale. We view its entry into this business as a positive step as this marks its diversification into the high-growth, high-RoCE segment from cyclical and non-core (divestment of its Fertilizer business has been completed) business segments.
- The distribution network for Birla White and Putty consist of 54,000 dealers, with a 70% overlap between Paints and Birla White dealers. This, coupled with a strong brand recall for the Birla group, will help it succeed in the Paints business.
- We value the standalone business at 6.5x FY24E EV/EBITDA and other listed subsidiaries at a 35% HoldCo discount to arrive at our revised TP of INR1,880.

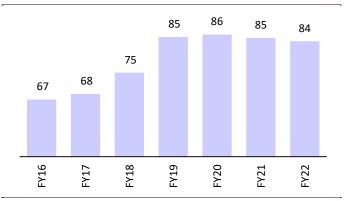
Story in charts

Exhibit 1: VSF capacity operating at optimum levels



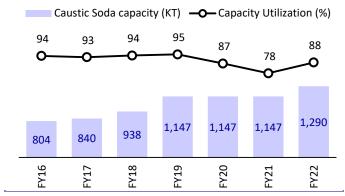
Source: MOFSL, Company, Note: *capacity utilization computed on effective capacity

Exhibit 2: Domestic sales mix in VSF stands ~84% in FY22



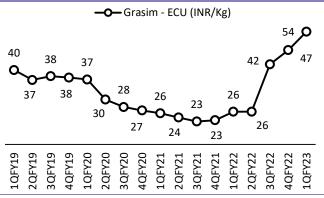
Source: MOFSL, Company

Exhibit 3: Capacity utilization in caustic soda improves



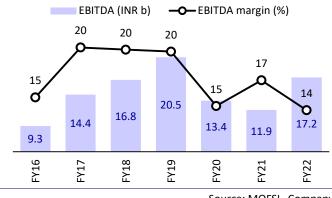
Source: MOFSL, Company, Note: *capacity utilization computed on effective capacity

Exhibit 4: ECU at a record high, up 48% YoY in FY22



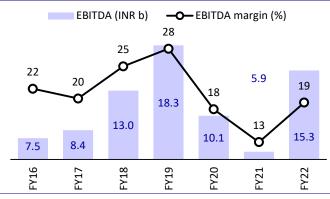
Source: MOFSL, Company

Exhibit 5: VSF EBITDA margin declines due to cost pressures



Source: MOFSL, Company

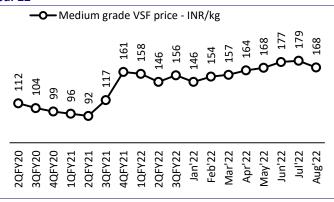
Exhibit 6: Performance of the Chemical business improves



Source: MOFSL, Company

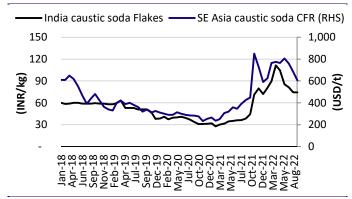
Story in charts

Exhibit 7: VSF prices trend upward in FY22, soften from mid-Jul'22



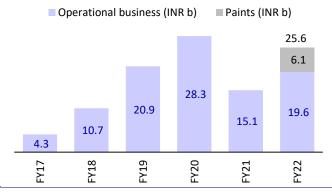
Source: MOFSL, Industry

Exhibit 8: Caustic soda prices rally in FY22, corrects from Jul'22



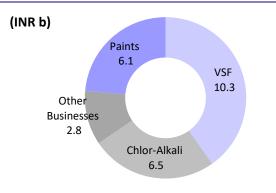
Source: MOFSL, Industry

Exhibit 9: Standalone capex trend for GRASIM



Source: MOFSL, Company

Exhibit 10: Business-wise capex spent in FY22



Source: MOFSL, Company; Note: Other businesses include Epoxy, VFY, Textile, and Insulator

Exhibit 11: DuPont Analysis: RoE improves on better profitability

(%)	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23E	FY24E
PAT/PBT ratio	71	68	62	92	83	68	71	70
PBT/EBIT ratio	97	95	95	83	76	90	90	89
EBIT/sales ratio	19	17	18	10	8	12	12	12
Asset turnover ratio (x)	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.0	0.7	1.1	1.2	1.1
Assets/equity ratio (x)	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4
RoE	16.2	17.4	17.1	10.4	5.0	11.5	13.6	11.5

Source: MOFSL, Company; Note: ROE is adjusted for investment in subsidiaries and their related income

Exhibit 12: Highlights from the annual report over the years

Year	Demand scenario and outlook	Expansion plans Operating efficiency initiatives	YoY change
FY18	 The focus of the VSF business remains on expanding the market in India. New capacity commissioning in China may impact global VSF prices Expects demand for caustic soda to grow. The demand-supply situation appears well balanced over the next couple of years 	 Plans to expand VSF capacity by The focus is on expanding its 290ktpa to 788ktpa by FY21 existing chlorine VAP portfolio and improving the level of chlorine integration Plans to expand caustic soda capacity by 200ktpa to 1,140ktpa by FY19 	Revenue: 52.6% EBITDA: 42.9% PAT: 26.2%
FY19	 The global demand for VSF is likely to clock 6-7% CAGR over the next two-to-three years, a bit higher than the growth of competing fibers like cotton and polyester GRASIM acquired the chlor-alkali facility of KPR Industries at Balabhadrapuram in Andhra Pradesh. Aims to increase market share in the eastern region, a caustic soda consumption hub 	by 310ktpa to 1,457ktpa ZLD in the Chemical division	Revenue: 30.2% EBITDA: 32.2% PAT: 20.4%
FY20	 COVID-19 led economic uncertainty may impact global consumer spending going forward In VSF, the recent commissioning of new capacity in Asia may continue to create a temporary demand-supply mismatch and put pressure on prices 	 ❖ GRASIM is in the process of setting up a state-of-the-art Composite Hollow Core Insulators (CHCI) manufacturing plant in Halol, Gujarat at a cost of INR1b ❖ Commissioned ZLD plants at Ganjam and Rehla. The Chemicals division has committed to increasing the share of RE in the overall power mix 	Revenue: -9.4% EBITDA: -43.2% PAT: -34%
FY21	 ❖ VSF remains the fastest growing Textile fiber globally. The same is projected to record ~7% CAGR over FY20-22 ❖ The domestic caustic soda market is expected to be oversupplied in the near term. Demand is expected to recover post CY21, at mid-single digit CAGR over FY24-25. 	Gujarat is expected to be the overall power mix to 11% completed by 3QFY22, taking over the next three-to-four its total VSF capacity to 810ktpa years from 1.55% Setting up	Revenue: -33.4% EBITDA: -32.3% PAT: -43%
FY22	 ❖ Global demand for VSF is likely to clock ~4.9% CAGR over CY21-25. India demand is pegged at 9.9% CAGR over CY21-25 ❖ In the Chemical business, the market is expected to stay oversupplied over FY23-24. Long-term demand growth is expected in the 4-5% range 	 Aims to increase VSF capacity through debottlenecking Doubling advanced material capacity (to 246ktpa from 123ktpa) via brownfield expansion at its existing location by FY24. Announced foray into the B2B e-commerce business Increased share of RE to 5% in FY22 Aims to enhance the rate of chlorine integration to 40% by FY25 from 30% in 4QFY22 	Revenue: 68.4% EBITDA: 105.6% PAT: 150.2%

Source: MOFSL, Company

An overview of the global VSF industry

- Production of global wood-based fiber (VSF) grew a strong 8% YoY in CY21 and set a new high of 7.3mt. Production of model and lyocell fibers rose at an aboveaverage rate. Global demand for VSF is in an upward trend, driven by an uptick in demand from the US and Europe.
- The share of VSF in global fiber production stood at 6% in CY21 v/s 6.2% in CY20.
- The global demand for VSF registered 4.7% CAGR over CY11-21 and the same the same is expected to clock ~5% CAGR over CY22-25.
- Global VSF prices moved in the USD1.65-2.03 per kg range, and averaged USD1.81/kg in FY22, up 32% YoY. Cotton prices averaged USD2.49/kg, up 49% YoY, in FY22 and has been surging MoM driven by a favorable gap between demand and supply. This surge in cotton prices has led to the widening of the gap between the cotton and VSF prices. The spread between cotton and VSF prices, which averaged USD0.29/kg in FY20, widened to USD1.3/kg in Mar'22. This widening gap bodes well for VSF prices going forward.
- The Chinese VSF industry operated at 74% on an average in FY22, with a significant volatility on a MoM basis. On an average, inventory stood at 24 days in FY22 and remained unchanged YoY.

Exhibit 13: Global fiber consumption at 116mt in CY21

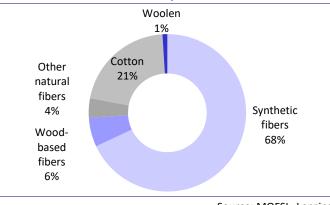
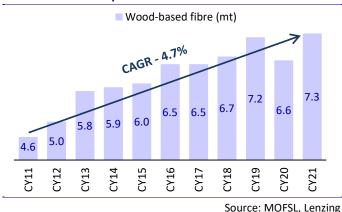


Exhibit 14: Consumption trend of wood-based fiber



Source: MOFSL, Lenzing

GRASIM holds numero uno position domestically in VSF; outlook positive

- VSF volumes grew 30% YoY to 602KT in FY22, albeit on a low base. However, the same was higher by only 9% as compared to FY20 levels. VSF capacity utilization stood at 97% in FY22 v/s 76% in FY21.
- The share of domestic in overall volumes stood ~84%. The share of value added products (VAP) increased by 4pp YoY to 26%, led by incremental sales of the second and third generation of fiber and Livaeco.

The share of VAP increases by 4pp YoY to 26% in FY22

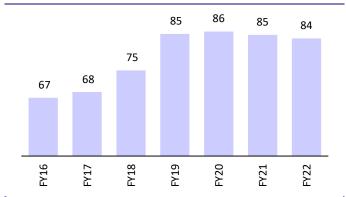
- Net revenue/EBITDA for the VSF business grew 75%/45% YoY to INR122b/ INR17b. However, EBITDA margin declined by 3pp YoY to 14% due to a sharp increase in raw material and input costs in 2HFY22.
- Outlook: VSF remains the fastest-growing textile fiber globally among cotton, PSF, and VSF. VSF demand in India is expected to grow at 10% CAGR over CY21-25, led by rising Textile consumption due to population growth, rising urbanization, and improved standards of living. Globally, VSF prices are likely to stay firm, driven by favorable demand-supply, higher input costs, and strong pricing of other fibers such as cotton and polyester.

Exhibit 15: VSF capacity operating at optimum levels

VSF Capacity (KT) -O-Capacity Utilization (%) 100 99 98 97 96 93 76 824 578 591 566 498 498 498 FY16 FY18 FY19 FY22 FY17 FY20 FY21

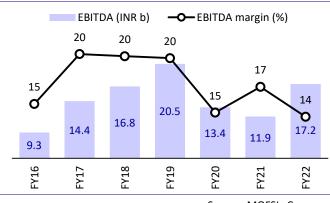
Source: MOFSL, Company, Note: *capacity utilization computed on effective capacity

Exhibit 16: Domestic sales mix in VSF stands ~84% in FY22



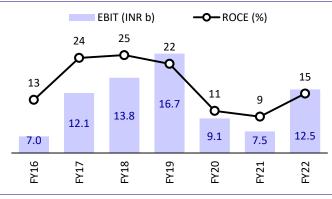
Source: MOFSL, Company

Exhibit 17: EBITDA margin for the VSF segment declines due to cost pressures



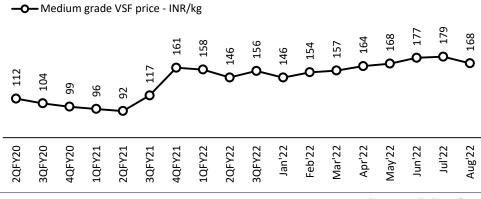
Source: MOFSL, Company

Exhibit 18: RoCE for the VSF segment improves YoY



Source: MOFSL, Company

Exhibit 19: VSF prices trend upward in FY22, but soften from mid-Jul'22



Source: MOFSL, Industry

Growth opportunities in the VSF business

- GRASIM commissioned its 600tpd brownfield expansion in two phases in 2HFY22 at Vilayat, Gujarat, taking its total VSF capacity to 824ktpa, up 39% YoY. With the commissioning of this capacity, the Vilayat plant has emerged as the largest single location integrated VSF plant globally, with a production capacity of 398ktpa. This new capacity will drive better volume growth for the company.
- GRASIM's long-term strategy is directed at growing domestic demand via new products and applications. The 3-4% share of VSF in India's fiber market as compared to 6-7% globally, augers well for growth in this segment.

■ The business has developed new fibers (Livaeco in both viscose and modal variants and Liva Reviva) to cater to the growing demand for sustainable fibers. The business launched Navyasa — a saree brand aimed at re-positioning saree as a garment of choice. The Saree segment in India consumes around 1mt of multiple fibers, with the share of VSF at only 1%. Over the next five years, this share is expected to increase to 7%.

■ GRASIM and CENT formed an equal joint venture — Birla Advanced Knits — to manufacture man-made cellulosic fiber (MMCF) knit fabrics. The proposed project is located at the Birla Century campus in Bharuch, Gujarat. It will have a monthly knitting and processing capacity of ~600t of fabric, which produces 100% viscose knitted fabric.

Cost optimization measures and backward integration drives efficiencies

- GRASIM has strong integration across the value chain in the VSF segment, which provides it a competitive advantage over non-integrated players.
- It meets 55-60% of its dissolving grade pulp requirements (50-55% of costs) through captive sources, with the balance met via contracts with large suppliers. The company is implementing a robust 'supplier assessment program' to strengthen its sourcing as per the principles of sustainable sourcing.
- Its caustic soda/power and steam/carbon disulfide (10-15%/10%/3% of costs) requirements are completely being met through captive sources.

Exhibit 20: Backward integration for ~80% of GRASIM's RM costs

Input	As a percentage of costs	Requirement met
Dissolving grade pulp	50-55%	55-60%
Caustic soda	10-15%	Fully captive
Power and steam	10%	Fully captive
Carbon disulfide	3%	Fully captive

Source: MOFSL, Company

Product and application launches in the VSF business in FY22

- GRASIM has been consistently developing new product variants as per the needs of the consumer.
- It has successfully developed monofilament yarn in CSY by two routes: 1) mother yarn (splitting of multi-filaments to single filament) and increasing regeneration length, and 2) high DPF (denier per filament) products in SSY and low DPF in PSY.
- It launched saree brand 'Navyasa' by Liva for a range of fluid sarees.
- On the new application side, it has developed Lycra covered yarn (spandex covered with PSY), which is stretchable and finds usage in garment and denim.
 Development of space dyed yarn is under progress for use in fashion fabrics.

Overview of the India Caustic Soda industry

- The Indian Caustic Soda industry had an installed capacity of 4.8mtpa in FY22. Domestic demand for caustic soda grew 7-8% in FY22, due to a consumption push after the lifting of COVID-related restrictions. Caustic soda capacity utilization for the industry stood ~80% in FY22 v/s ~75% in FY21.
- Caustic soda prices in India trended with global prices, but with a lag. Prices in India trended upward in FY22 on improved demand after the lifting of COVIDrelated restrictions and supply constraints in China and the US in 2H.
- The domestic caustic soda market is likely to see capacity additions in FY23 and a ramp-up in newly commissioned capacities. The market is expected to stay oversupplied in FY23-24, which results in an unbalanced demand-supply situation in the short-term. We peg long-term demand growth at 4-5%.

Exhibit 21: Expect caustic soda demand CAGR at 4-5% over FY22-25

3,350
3,000

Caustic soda domestic demand (Kt)

4,400

4,050

3,700

3,350

3,000

4,050

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

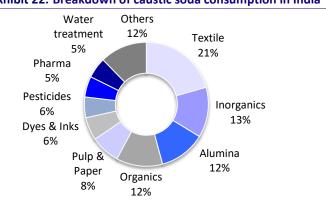
4,18

4,18

4,18

4,18

Exhibit 22: Breakdown of caustic soda consumption in India

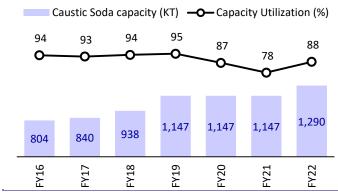


Source: MOFSL, Industry Source: MOFSL, Industry

The Chemical business reports a strong performance in FY22

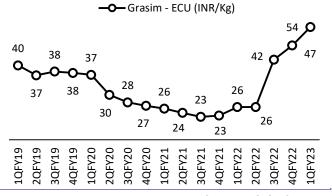
- Caustic soda volumes grew 16% YoY to 1.04mt in FY22. However, it was higher by only 5% as compared to FY20 levels. Caustic soda capacity utilization stood at 88% v/s 78% in FY21.
- Net revenue for the Chemical business grew 72% YoY to INR79b. EBITDA grew multifold to INR15b. EBITDA margin surged 6.6pp YoY to 19%, led by a significant improvement in realization and improved sales volumes.

Exhibit 23: Capacity utilization in caustic soda improves



Source: MOFSL, Company, Note: *capacity utilization computed on effective capacity

Exhibit 24: ECU at a record high, up 48% YoY in FY22

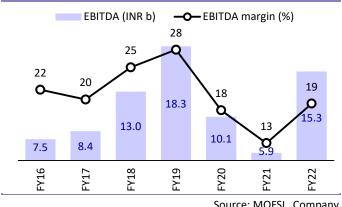


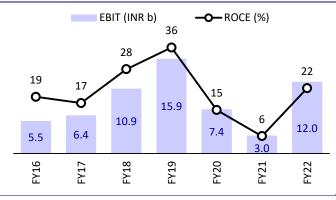
Source: MOFSL, Company

> The Advanced Material business reported a record-high annual performance, led by strong demand, especially in the Consumer Durable, Wind Energy, and Auto segments, and a better pricing environment both domestically and globally. Pricing and margin gains started to normalize in 2HFY22, with a rise in key input costs.

Exhibit 25: Chemical business performance improves

Exhibit 26: RoCE for the Chemical business improves YoY

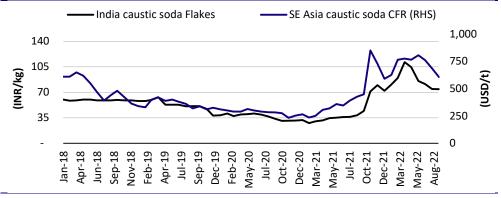




Source: MOFSL, Company

Source: MOFSL, Company

Exhibit 27: Caustic soda prices rallied through FY22, witnesses a correction from Jul'22



Source: MOFSL, Industry

Improvement in chlorine integration: A key strategic element

- The demand for chlorine in India stayed subdued in FY22, with reduced demand from key chlorine-consuming industries. Net realization from chlorine remained negative for a major part of FY22.
- Chlorine integration stood at 28% in FY22. The management aims to increase chlorine integration to 40% by FY25 through: a) a rise in VAP capacities, b) new chlorinated product development, c) improvement in pipeline supply, and d) ancillary industry development.

Capacity expansion to aid growth

- GRASIM has expanded its caustic soda capacity by 12.5% YoY to 1,290ktpa. It added a capacity of 142ktpa across Rehla, Jharkhand (91ktpa) and Balabhadrapuram, Andhra Pradesh (51ktpa) in FY22.
- The company commissioned a chloromethane plant with a capacity of 55ktpa (Phase I) at Vilayat, Gujarat, which will help improve chlorine integration. This is one of the largest chlorine sinks, with diverse usage across sectors like Pharma, Agrochemical, and Refrigeration.

GRASIM plans to introduce higher-end VAPs in the market and improve its VAP share to 40% by FY25

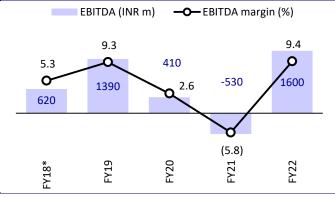
30 August 2022 10

The demand for Advanced Materials in India is expected to stay strong, with a pickup in the pace of Construction activity and a thrust on RE. The management aims to double its existing capacity (to 246ktpa from 123ktpa) through brownfield expansion at its existing location by FY24.

Performance of its other operating businesses

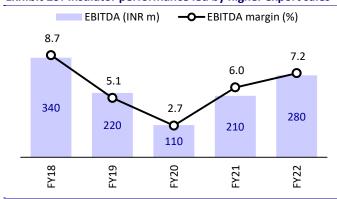
- Textiles Strong operational and financial performance
- > Production of worsted/linen yarn grew 61%/73% YoY to 3,636t/7,035t, whereas fabric production rose 3.7x to 15.8mm in FY22.
- The business reported a net revenue of INR17b (up 87% YoY) and an EBITDA of INR1.6b v/s a loss of INR530m in FY21, led by strong realization, despite a rise in input cost. The demand for linen yarn and fabric picked up towards the end of 2QFY22, led by strong consumer spending, the onset of the festive season, and a pick-up in wedding season demand. Textile demand normalized in 2HFY22, with the easing of lockdown restrictions. Export demand remained buoyant in FY22.
- The business has made substantial efforts to promote linen, target younger customers, and increase affordability by creating blends and branding it as Cavallo by Linen Club. The wool market remained stable in FY22, with strong global demand and rising prices.
- Insulators Subdued domestic market and resilient exports
- > Production of insulators grew 8% YoY to 20,822t. The business reported a net revenue/EBITDA of INR4b/INR280m (up 10%/33% YoY).
- > The improvement in EBITDA was on higher export sales and a recovery of old dues. However, the domestic market remains subdued due to delays in the finalization of orders across the Transmission and Distribution segment.
- Capex is driving demand growth for the insulator industry in Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution sectors.

Exhibit 28: Strong performance by the Textile business



Source: MOFSL, Company; Note: *FY18 numbers are for nine months

Exhibit 29: Insulator performance led by higher export sales



Source: MOFSL, Company

Standalone financial performance analysis

Standalone revenue grew 68% YoY to INR209b. EBITDA grew 105% YoY to INR32b. EBITDA margin increased by 2.8pp YoY to 15.4%. The improvement in performance was led by higher sales volume and better realization, which was partly offset by a rise in raw material and input cost in 2HFY22, amid a volatile external environment.

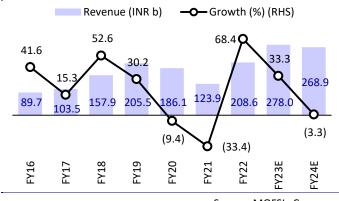
Earnings before tax and exceptional items grew 191% YoY to INR30b, led by improved operating profit and an increase in other income (up 74% YoY to INR9b backed by higher dividend from UTCEM). Finance cost increased by 5% YoY to INR2.5b. Adjusted PAT (adjusted for the prior period tax reversal and exceptional items) grew 150% YoY to INR22b.

Exhibit 30: Common-size analysis (standalone) - margin improvement led by higher sales volume and better realization

	,									
Particulars (INR b)	FY18	%	FY19	%	FY20	%	FY21	%	FY22	%
Net Revenue	157.9	100	205.5	100	186.1	100	123.9	100	208.6	100
Raw materials (incl. a change-in-inventory)	73.1	46	97.1	47	91.9	49	55.5	45	94.1	45
Power and fuel	22.9	15	30.1	15	29.9	16	20.8	17	34.3	16
Freight and forwarding	2.6	2	3.0	1	3.3	2	3.4	3	8.7	4
Other expenses	17.1	11	19.3	9	21.6	12	14.7	12	21.5	10
Personnel cost	11.4	7	15.3	7	16.2	9	13.9	11	17.7	9
EBITDA	30.8	20	40.7	20	23.1	12	15.6	13	32.2	15
Depreciation	6.3	4	7.6	4	8.5	5	8.3	7	9.1	4
Other income	4.6	3	5.7	3	5.3	3	5.1	4	9.0	4
EBIT	29.1	18	38.8	19	19.9	11	12.5	10	32.0	15
Financial charges	1.3	1	2.0	1	3.0	2	2.4	2	2.5	1
PBT (before exceptional items)	27.9	18	36.8	18	16.9	9	10.1	8	29.5	14
Exceptional items	2.7	2	23.7	12	2.9	2	0.8	1	0.7	0
PBT	25.1	16	13.1	6	13.9	7	9.3	8	28.8	14
Tax	7.4	5	8.0	4	1.2	1	1.2	1	1.9	1
PAT	17.7	11	5.2	3	12.7	7	8.1	7	27.0	13
Adjusted PAT	19.7	12	23.7	12	15.6	8	8.9	7	22.3	11

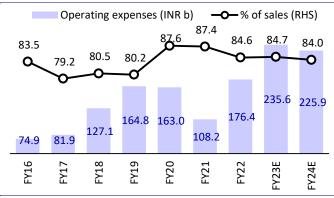
Source: MOFSL, Company; *Note: Adjusted PAT is adjusted for tax reversals and exceptional items and from continuing operations

Exhibit 31: Standalone revenue grew 68% YoY in FY22



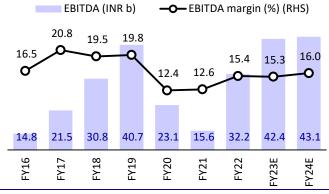
Source: MOFSL, Company

Exhibit 32: Operating expenses as a percentage of sales fell in FY22



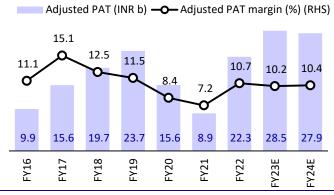
Source: MOFSL, Company

Exhibit 33: EBITDA margin up 2.8pp YoY to 15.4% in FY22



Source: MOFSL, Company

Exhibit 34: PAT margin up 3.5pp YoY to 10.7% in FY22



Source: MOFSL, Company; Note: PAT is of an ongoing concern

Diversifying into new businesses – Paints and B2B e-commerce

The management's focus is on integration across the value chain and diversifying into new segments. It has forayed into two businesses: Paints and B2B e-commerce. Both businesses will be the growth engine to its existing portfolio of businesses.

Raises capex guidance for the Paint business to INR100b; focus on timely execution

In FY22, GRASIM raised its total capex for the Paints business to INR100b, to be spent by FY25. It plans to set up a total capacity of 1,332MLPA and start commissioning plants in phases from 4QFY24. It plans to have a pan-India presence with six manufacturing plants. Land acquisition and registration have been completed for all six sites. It has begun civil construction work at four sites – Panipat, Ludhiana, Cheyyar, and Chamarajanagar. The project work at other sites will be started as soon as all relevant statutory approvals are received. The management is targeting the second slot in the Decorative Paint industry. Entry in the Paints sector will add size, scale, and diversity to its existing business portfolio.

Key opportunities for GRASIM in the Paints business

- High growth business: In revenue terms, the organized Decorative Paints industry has grown by 32% YoY in FY22. It has grown at 12% CAGR over FY17-22.
- The enhanced pace of investment: The management doubled its capex plan for the Paints business to INR100b in anticipation of strong growth. This acceleration, with a revision in plant configuration, will help in achieving economies of scale, a comprehensive product offering, and improving lead time to serve the market.
- It aims to leverage its well-spread dealer network and strong brand recall of Birla White and Putty.

Announced foray into B2B e-commerce

Another high-growth business plan of GRASIM includes B2B e-commerce in the Building Materials segment. It plans to invest INR20b over the next five years. This vertical will cover the entire gamut of Building Products (like cement, steel, concrete, electrical, construction chemicals, tiles, and plywood). The key value proposition will be an integrated procurement solution, including on-time delivery and a superior product range at competitive prices. The management aims to be among the top three players in this space.

Key opportunities for GRASIM in the B2B e-commerce business

- The Building Materials Procurement segment (industry size: USD100b) has clocked ~14% CAGR over the last three years. Current digital penetration is ~2%, which offers a huge growth opportunity with a lower capital requirement.
- This business has clear adjacencies within the company's standalone businesses as well as subsidiaries and associate companies.
- The initial focus will be on the MSME segment as the unorganized nature of this business provides bigger opportunities due to inefficiencies in the value chain.

Capex, ratios, and cash flows

Standalone capex towards capacity expansion, modernization, and maintenance of existing plants stood at INR19.6b in FY22 v/s INR15.1b in FY21, excluding the Paints business. Total capex for the Paints business since its inception stood at INR6.1b. Budgeted capex towards expansion and modernization stands at INR31.2b in FY23, excluding capex for new businesses (Paints and B2B e-commerce).

Depreciation stood at INR9.1b in FY22 v/s INR8.2b in FY21 owing to commissioning of new capacities.

Exhibit 35: Standalone capex trend for GRASIM

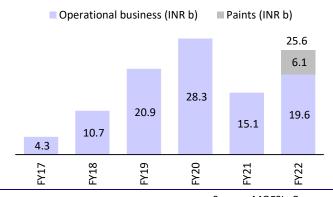
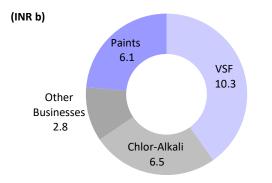


Exhibit 36: Business-wise capex spend in FY22



Source: MOFSL, Company

Source: MOFSL, Company; Note: Other businesses include Epoxy, VFY, Textiles, and Insulator

Standalone RoE improved by 6.5pp YoY to 11.5% in FY22, led by: 1) a 4.3pp improvement in margin to 12% on better realization; and 2) a higher asset turnover ratio on account of a growth in volume, partly due to a pick-up in consumption after the lifting of COVID-related restrictions. We expect an asset turnover ratio of 1.2x in FY23E v/s 1.1x in FY22, which will drive an improvement in RoE.

Exhibit 37: DuPont Analysis: RoE improves on better profitability

	, , , , , ,				,			
(%)	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23E	FY24E
PAT/PBT ratio	71	68	62	92	83	68	71	70
PBT/EBIT ratio	97	95	95	83	76	90	90	89
EBIT/sales ratio	19	17	18	10	8	12	12	12
Asset turnover ratio (x)	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.0	0.7	1.1	1.2	1.1
Assets/equity ratio (x)	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4
RoE	16.2	17.4	17.1	10.4	5.0	11.5	13.6	11.5

Source: MOFSL, Company; Note: RoE is adjusted for investment in subsidiaries and their related income

Receivable days grew to 37 in FY22 v/s 31 in FY21. Inventory days rose to 87 v/s 51 in FY21 due to higher raw material prices and finished goods inventories.

Trade payable days stood at 41 in FY22 v/s 38 in FY21 and its last five-year's average of 33.

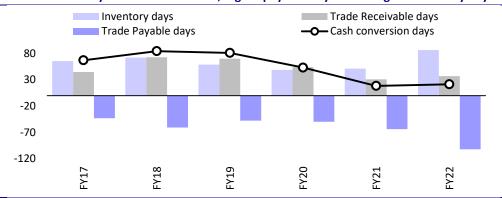
GRASIM's cash conversion cycle grew to 22 days in FY22 from 18 days in FY21 (v/s its average of 69 days over FY16-20).

Exhibit 38: Inventory days rose in FY22 due to higher RM and finished goods inventory

Break-up of inventory days	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22
Raw Materials (RM)	44	45	35	24	28	49
Work-in-progress	1	5	4	4	4	5
Finished goods	12	14	11	14	11	20
Stock-in-trade	0	1	1	1	1	1
Stores and spare parts	8	8	8	7	8	11
Waste/scrap	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total inventory days	65	72	59	50	51	87

Source: MOFSL, Company

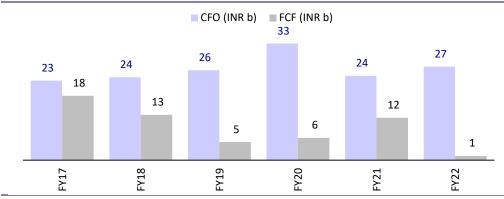
Exhibit 39: WC days stood at 22 in FY22; higher payable days offset higher inventory days



Source: MOFSL, Company

It has been generating strong cash flows, with the cumulative OCF at INR84b in FY20-22 (v/s INR72b over FY17-19). However, FCF fell over FY20-22 as cumulative FCF stood at INR20b (v/s INR36b over FY17-19) owing to a higher capex. Going forward, capex will remain high, given the capacity expansion in its existing businesses and foray into new businesses, which is likely to turn FCF negative.

Exhibit 40: OCF up 11% YoY to INR27b in FY22; higher capex leads to a decrease in FCF



Source: MOFSL, Company

GRASIM is a regular dividend paying company. As a percentage of standalone net profit, dividend payout stood ~30% in FY22 v/s 66% in FY21. The management scaled up its dividend payout from FY21 as compared to 16-21% over FY17-20. Going forward, we expect it to maintain its 18-20% payout (a dividend of INR8/INR8.5 per share in FY23/FY24), given its robust expansion plans at the standalone level as well as in its material subsidiary.

Dividend/share (INR) -O-Dividend payout (%) 66 30 21 20 19 18 16 17 0 O 6.2 7.0 4.0 9.0 10.0 5.5 8.0 8.5 FY18 FY20 FY21

Exhibit 41: Dividend payout scaled up over the past two years by paying special dividend

Source: MOFSL, Company; Note: Dividend payout is on adjusted profit from continuing operations

GRASIM turned net cash positive, partly backed by proceeds from the divestment of the Fertilizer business. The latter was completed as of 1st Jan'22 for a total consideration of INR18.7b. It realized a pre-tax profit of INR6.7b (including a capital gain of INR5.1b on divestment of the Fertilizers business) and a PAT of INR3.6b in FY22 from this discontinued operation.

The company's net cash balance (standalone) stood at INR8.5b v/s a net debt of INR9.1b. Its standalone net debt-to-EBITDA ratio stood at (0.3x) in FY22 v/s 0.6x in FY21. We expect its net debt to rise in FY23 due to its robust business expansion plans, both in its existing operations as well as new business lines. It has parked majority (~95%) of its cash balance in Mutual Fund units (carried at FVTPL).

Exhibit 42: GRASIM turns net cash positive

Source: MOFSL, Company; Note: Dividend payout is computed on adjusted profit from continuing operations

Other important points from the Annual Report

Within contingent liabilities, a lion's share constitutes demand of dividend distribution tax (including interest) and capital gains tax from the Income Tax Department. According to the department, the demerger of its Financial Service business does not qualify as a demerger under the Income Tax Act. The bone of contention is the treatment of the value of shares allotted by the resulting company to shareholders of the entity considering a demerger as dividend distributed by the company to its shareholders. In FY22, its contingent liability increased further due to the imposition of capital gain tax on the value of shares, without considering that the shares were issued to the shareholders pursuant to the scheme of arrangement and no consideration was received by the company. Apart from that, CCI had imposed a penalty of INR3b in FY20 in respect of the VSF business.

Exhibit 43: Contingent liabilities

Matters related to contingent liabilities	FY21 (INR b)	FY22 (INR b)
Income Tax matters	73.6	169.0
Demand from the Competition Commission of India (CCI)	3.0	3.1
Customs/excise duty/service tax/sales tax/entry tax matters	1.8	2.0
Other claims	5.1	5.9
Total	83.5	179.9
As a percentage of net worth	19.4	37.0

Source: MOFSL, Company

In FY22, remunerations to Directors and key management personnel (KMP) had increased in FY22.

Exhibit 44: Remunerations to directors and KMP increases in FY22

Salary of directors and KMP	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22
Remuneration to Directors and KMPs (INR m)	242	267	304	169	145	268
As a percentage of PBT	1.1	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.4	0.9
Auditor's salary (INR m)	19	31	33	38	68	43
As a percentage of PBT	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.1

Source: MOFSL, Company

Key sustainability developments and initiatives

- Its key sustainability strategies are: 1) improving share of RE in the overall power mix; and 2) setting up of ZLD plants across its plants.
- The VSF business aims to achieve net zero carbon emissions across all its operations by FY40. The company commissioned a ZLD plant at Nagda (Madhya Pradesh) and Balabhadrapuram (Andhra Pradesh) in FY22. The Nagda unit in Madhya Pradesh sets a new benchmark by commissioning a ZLD plant, a global first in the Man Made Cellulose Fiber industry.
- It aims to halve its greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions intensity by CY30.
- The management's focus remains on increasing the share of RE consumption in its overall power consumption. Its wholly-owned subsidiary Aditya Birla Solar (ABSL) and Aditya Birla Renewable (ABRL) —commissioned 49MWp of solar capacity at five locations in FY22. It plans to add 471MWp of new solar capacities in FY23E (as per its presentation in 1Q), of which 12MWp solar capacity was added in 1Q.

> The share of RE in the Chemical business (a high energy intensive business) stood ~5% in FY22. It targets to increase this to ~26% by FY30. It consumed ~158m Kwh of RE (including RE power purchased through ICE) in FY22.

Exhibit 45: Targets to increase share of RE to 26% by FY30

Exhibit 46: Solar capacity addition plans

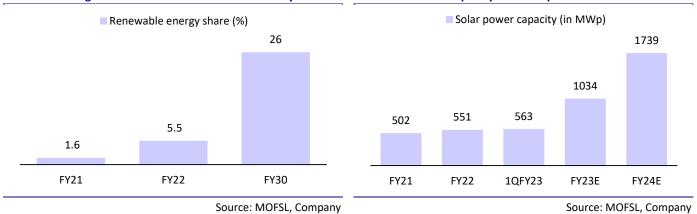


Exhibit 47: Select environmental targets and performance

VSF			
Indicator/Parameter	Target	Baseline	Status in FY22
Adoption of EU BAT technology for VSF manufacturing	EU BAT implementation at India site by FY25	FY18	Implemented at 1 site (Vilayat) Work-in-progress at other 3 sites and endeavor is to complete the same by end of FY23
Reduction in water intensity in VSF manufacturing process	50% reduction by 2025	FY15	56% Reduction achieved by FY22
Reduce pollution load to effluent	Reduction in COD by 2022 to meet EU BAT compliance	FY18	41% Reduction achieved by FY22
Reduce Lost Time Injury frequency rate (LTIFR)	Reduction in LTIFR by 90%	FY15	80% Reduction achieved by FY22

CFI

Indicator/Parameter	Target	Baseline	Status in FY22
Reduce Specific freshwater consumption of	30% reduction by FY25	FY17	15.6%
the main product			Reduction achieved by Chlor-Alkali business
Reduce GHG emissions of the main product	30% reduction by FY30	FY17	11.8%
	,		Reduction in carbon intensity achieved by Chlor- Alkali business

Source: MOFSL, Company

30 August 2022 18

Foray into Paints augurs well; maintain our Buy rating

- GRASIM, via its holdings in UTCEM, is a quasi-play on the Cement space. In our SoTP valuation for GRASIM, UTCEM contributes 65%. We are positive on the Cement business, with UTCEM being our top pick in the largecap space.
- The HoldCo discount for GRASIM in its subsidiary companies has reduced to 36% from over 60% two years back (when there were concerns of its fund infusion in IDEA), which we expect to sustain going forward.
- GRASIM's plan to invest INR100b in the Paints business indicates its intent of entering this space on a large scale. We view its entry into this business as a positive step as this marks its diversification into the high-growth, high-RoCE segment from cyclical and non-core (divestment of its Fertilizer business has been completed) business segments.
- The distribution network for Birla White and Putty consist of 54,000 dealers, with a 70% overlap between Paints and Birla White dealers. This, coupled with a strong brand recall for the Birla group, will help GRASIM succeed in the Paints business. Historically, though some of the companies have found it difficult to achieve a meaningful scale in this business, GRASIM has a fair scope of offering tough competition to incumbents.
- We value the standalone business at 6.5x FY24E EV/EBITDA and other listed subsidiaries at a 35% HoldCo discount to arrive at our revised TP of INR1,880.

Exhibit 48: Holding company discount at 36% v/s its long-term average of 47%



Source: Company, MOFSL

Financials and valuations

Standalone Income Statement								(INR m)
Y/E March	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23E	FY24E
Net Sales	1,03,457	1,57,885	2,05,504	1,86,094	1,23,864	2,08,568	2,78,013	2,68,926
Change (%)	15.3	52.6	30.2	-9.4	-33.4	68.4	33.3	-3.3
Total Expenditure	81,909	1,27,083	1,64,793	1,62,989	1,08,220	1,76,407	2,35,564	2,25,854
EBITDA	21,548	30,802	40,712	23,105	15,643	32,162	42,449	43,072
Change (%)	44.4	42.9	32.2	-43.2	-32.3	105.6	32.0	1.5
Margin (%)	20.8	19.5	19.8	12.4	12.6	15.4	15.3	16.0
Depreciation	4,461	6,277	7,604	8,468	8,282	9,140	10,498	11,900
EBIT	17,086	24,525	33,108	14,638	7,362	23,022	31,952	31,172
Int. and Finance Charges	576	1,281	1,991	3,039	2,360	2,472	3,540	3,717
Other Income - Rec.	4,739	4,614	5,680	5,255	5,137	8,953	9,080	9,251
PBT and EO Items	21,249	27,858	36,797	16,854	10,139	29,503	37,491	36,707
Change (%)	68.8	31.1	32.1	-54.2	-39.8	191.0	27.1	-2.1
Extra-ordinary Income	0	2,726	23,680	2,941	810	691	0	0
PBT but after EO Items	21,249	25,131	13,117	13,913	9,329	28,812	37,491	36,707
Tax	5,649	7,445	7,964	1,214	1,224	1,857	8,998	8,810
Tax Rate (%)	26.6	26.7	21.6	7.2	12.1	6.3	24.0	24.0
Reported PAT	15,600	17,687	5,153	12,700	8,105	26,955	28,493	27,897
PAT Adj. for EO items	15,600	19,684	23,708	15,640	8,914	22,306	28,493	27,897
Change (%)	57.0	26.2	20.4	-34.0	-43.0	150.2	27.7	-2.1
Margin (%)	15.1	12.5	11.5	8.4	7.2	10.7	10.2	10.4

Standalone Balance Sheet								(INR m)
Y/E March	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23E	FY24E
Equity Share Capital	934	1,315	1,315	1,316	1,316	1,317	1,317	1,317
ESOPs				527	567	708	708	708
Reserves	1,61,376	4,46,584	4,18,277	3,74,898	4,27,595	4,84,133	5,07,360	5,29,661
Net Worth	1,62,310	4,47,898	4,19,592	3,76,740	4,29,479	4,86,158	5,09,385	5,31,686
Loans	7,015	29,690	33,108	50,681	41,634	41,208	51,961	40,961
Deferred liabilities	6,630	18,350	18,789	14,025	17,339	18,414	18,414	18,414
Capital Employed	1,75,955	4,95,938	4,71,488	4,41,447	4,88,452	5,45,779	5,79,759	5,91,060
Gross Block	81,549	1,27,290	1,38,489	1,54,142	1,48,940	1,95,985	2,41,412	2,54,412
Less: Accum. Deprn.	12,681	19,125	26,166	33,310	39,302	47,435	57,933	69,833
Net Fixed Assets	68,868	1,08,166	1,12,322	1,20,832	1,09,637	1,48,549	1,83,480	1,84,580
Capital WIP	3,755	7,451	15,672	27,919	40,334	17,428	3,000	3,000
Non-Current Investments	74,241	3,35,867	2,81,616	2,56,621	3,05,230	3,39,418	3,39,418	3,39,418
Current - Financial	16,053	20,790	29,931	20,504	41,553	47,490	47,490	47,490
Curr. Assets	35,594	65,015	78,398	69,070	46,827	73,477	85,914	97,561
Inventory	17,327	25,917	29,317	26,262	21,790	39,408	39,993	44,954
Account Receivables	11,896	26,093	34,916	29,053	13,120	16,904	22,663	26,223
Cash and Bank Balance	527	419	425	789	1,327	2,253	2,407	4,870
Others	5,844	12,586	13,741	12,965	10,590	14,912	20,851	21,514
Curr. Liability and Prov.	22,556	41,351	46,452	53,499	55,130	80,583	79,542	80,988
Account Payables	11,434	21,705	23,757	26,648	27,069	46,507	43,326	44,954
Provisions	1,626	5,087	4,604	5,514	3,250	3,419	5,560	5,379
Other Liabilities	9,496	14,559	18,091	21,337	24,811	30,656	30,656	30,656
Net Current Assets	13,039	23,664	31,947	15,571	-8,303	-7,105	6,372	16,573
Appl. of Funds	1,75,955	4,95,938	4,71,488	4,41,447	4,88,452	5,45,779	5,79,759	5,91,060

Financials and valuations

Standalone Ratios								(INR m)
Y/E March	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23E	FY24E
Share price								
EPS	167.1	29.9	36.0	23.8	13.5	33.9	43.3	42.4
Cash EPS	43.0	39.5	47.6	36.6	26.1	47.8	59.2	60.4
BV/Share	347.7	681.3	638.0	572.7	652.6	738.4	773.7	807.6
DPS	5.5	6.2	6.2	7.0	9.0	10.0	8.0	8.5
Valuation								
P/E ratio	10.0	56.1	46.6	70.6	123.9	49.6	38.8	39.6
Cash P/E ratio	39.1	42.5	35.3	45.8	64.3	35.1	28.3	27.8
P/BV ratio	4.8	2.5	2.6	2.9	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.1
EV/Sales* ratio	3.3	2.3	1.7	2.0	2.8	1.6	1.3	1.3
EV/EBITDA* ratio	15.7	11.6	8.6	16.3	22.1	10.4	8.1	7.7
Dividend Yield (%)	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5
Return Ratios (%)								
RoE	16.2	17.4	17.1	10.4	5.0	11.5	13.6	11.5
RoCE	19.3	20.5	20.8	9.4	5.3	12.9	15.3	13.6
Working Capital Ratios								
Debtor (Days)	45	73	70	54	31	37	34	35
Asset Turnover (x)	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5
Leverage Ratio	0.0	0.5	0.1		0.5	0.1	0.5	0.5
Debt/Equity ratio	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Standalone Cash Flow Statement Y/E March	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23E	(INR m) FY24E
OP/(Loss) before Tax	21,249	27,858	36,797	12,916	9,329	28,812	37,491	36,707
Depreciation	4,461	6,277	7,604	8,135	8,282	9,140	10,498	11,900
Interest and Finance Charges	-2,609	-1,540	-1,435	-249	-421	-4,552	-3,360	-3,321
Direct Taxes Paid	-2,210	-5,233	-5,123	-2,183	-1,786	-6,502	-8,998	-8,810
(Inc.)/Dec. in WC	2,802	-2,797	-10,735	12,611	9,350	132	-13,323	-7,738
CF from Operations	23,694	24,564	27,108	31,231	24,754	27,029	22,308	28,737
Others	-1,100	-1,009	-1,553	1,919	-780	-467	0	0
CF from Operations incl. EO	22,593	23,555	25,555	33,150	23,974	26,562	22,308	28,737
(Inc.)/Dec. in FA	-4,325	-10,689	-20,440	-26,823	-11,932	-25,382	-31,000	-13,000
Free Cash Flow	18,269	12,867	5,115	6,328	12,041	1,181	- 8,692	15,737
(Pur.)/Sale of Investments	108	167	56	127	102	66	0	0
Others	-4,224	-8,726	-2,247	-17,904	-10,249	-9,541	6,900	7,038
CF from Investments	-8,440	-19,247	-22,631	-44,600	-10,249 - 22,079	-34,857	- 24,100	- 5,962
Issue of Shares								
	26	23	2 504	17 127	126	-425	10.752	11 000
Inc./(Dec.) in Debt	-11,322	942	3,504	17,127	-9,384	-583	10,753	-11,000
Interest Paid	-597	-1,417	-2,050	-2,130	-3,241	-843	-3,540	-3,717
Dividend Paid	-2,145	-4,060	-4,530	-5,155	-2,622	-5,915	-5,267	-5,596
Others	14.038	0	2.000	0 022	15 120	7.766	1.046	20 212
CF from Fin. Activity	-14,038	-4,512	-2,990	9,932	-15,120	-7,766	1,946	-20,313
Inc./Dec. in Cash	115	-204	-65	-1,517	-13,226	-16,061	154	2,463
Opening Balance	231	346	261	195	510	692	2,253	2,407
Add: Cash on Amalgamation	0	119	0	1,832	13,408	15,895	0	0
Closing Balance	346	261	196	510	692	527	2,407	4,870

^{*}calculated for the standalone business assuming a 35% HoldCo discount

NOTES

Explanation of Investment Rating					
Investment Rating	Expected return (over 12-month)				
BUY	>=15%				
SELL	<-10%				
NEUTRAL	< - 10 % to 15%				
UNDER REVIEW	Rating may undergo a change				
NOT RATED	We have forward looking estimates for the stock but we refrain from assigning recommendation				

*In case the recommendation given by the Research Analyst is inconsistent with the investment rating legend for a continuous period of 30 days, the Research Analyst shall within following 30 days take appropriate measures to make the recommendation consistent with the investment rating legend.

Disclosures

The following Disclosures are being made in compliance with the SEBI Research Analyst Regulations 2014 (herein after referred to as the Regulations).

Motilal Oswal Financial Services Ltd. (MOFSL) is a SEBI Registered Research Analyst having registration no. INH000000412. MOFSL, the Research Entity (RE) as defined in the Regulations, is engaged in the business of providing Stock broking services, Investment Advisory Services, Depository participant services & distribution of various financial products. MOFSL is a subsidiary company of Passionate Investment Management Pvt. Ltd.. (PIMPL). MOFSL is a listed public company, the details in respect of which are available on www.motilaloswal.com. MOFSL (erstwhile Motilal Oswal Securities Limited - MOSL) is registered with the Securities & Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and is a registered Trading Member with National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. (NSE) and Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE), Multi Commodity Exchange of India Limited (MCX) and National Commodity & Derivatives Exchange Limited (NCDEX) for its stock broking activities & is Depository participant with Central Depository Services Limited (CDSL) National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL), NERL, COMRIS and CCRL and is member of Association of Mutual Funds of India (AMFI) for distribution of financial products and Insurance Regulatory & Development Authority of India (IRDA) as Corporate Agent for insurance products. Details of associate entities of Motilal Oswal Financial Services Limited are available on the website at http://onlinereports.motilaloswal.com/Dormant/documents/List%20of%20Associate%20companies.pdf

MOFSL and its associate company(ies), their directors and Research Analyst and their relatives may; (a) from time to time, have a long or short position in, act as principal in, and buy or sell the securities or derivatives thereof of companies mentioned herein. (b) be engaged in any other transaction involving such securities and earn brokerage or other compensation or act as a market maker in the financial instruments of the company(ies) discussed herein or act as an advisor or lender/borrower to such company(ies) or may have any other potential conflict of interests with respect to any recommendation and other related information and opinions; however the same shall have no bearing whatsoever on the specific recommendations made by the analyst(s), as the recommendations made by the analyst(s) are completely independent of the views of the associates of MOFSL even though there might exist an inherent conflict of interest in some of the stocks mentioned in the research report

MOFSL and / or its affiliates do and seek to do business including investment banking with companies covered in its research reports. As a result, the recipients of this report should be aware that MOFSL may have a potential conflict of interest that may affect the objectivity of this report. Compensation of Research Analysts is not based on any specific merchant banking, investment banking or brokerage service transactions. Details of pending Enquiry Proceedings of Motilal Oswal Financial Services Limited are available on the oswal.com/ResearchAnalyst/PublishViewLitigation.aspx

A graph of daily closing prices of securities is available at www.nseindia.com. Research Analyst views on Subject Company may vary based on Fundamental research and Technical Research. Proprietary trading desk of MOFSL or its associates maintains arm's length distance with Research Team as all the activities are segregated. from MOFSL research activity and therefore it can have an independent view with regards to Subject Company for which Research Team have expressed their views.

This report is not directed or intended for distribution to or use by any person or entity resident in a state, country or any jurisdiction, where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to law, regulation or which would subject MOFSL & its group companies to registration or licensing requirements within such jurisdictions.

This report is distributed in Hong Kong by Motilal Oswal capital Markets (Hong Kong) Private Limited, a licensed corporation (CE AYY-301) licensed and regulated by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (SFC) pursuant to the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) "SFO". As per SEBI (Research Analyst Regulations) 2014 Motilal Oswal Securities (SEBI Reg No. INH000000412) has an agreement with Motilal Oswal capital Markets (Hong Kong) Private Limited for distribution of research report in Hong Kong. This report is intended for distribution only to "Professional Investors" as defined in Part I of Schedule 1 to SFO. Any investment or investment activity to which this document relates is only available to professional investor and will be engaged only with professional investors." Nothing here is an offer or solicitation of these securities, products and services in any jurisdiction where their offer or sale is not qualified or exempt from registration. The Indian Analyst(s) who compile this report is/are not located in Hong Kong & are not conducting Research Analysis in Hong Kong.

For U.S.

Motilal Oswal Financial Services Limited (MOFSL) is not a registered broker - dealer under the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "1934 act") and under applicable state laws in the United States. In addition MOFSL is not a registered investment adviser under the U.S. Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act" and together with the 1934 Act, the "Acts), and under applicable state laws in the United States. Accordingly, in the absence of specific exemption under the Acts, any brokerage and investment services provided by MOFSL, including the products and services described herein are not available to or intended for U.S. persons. This report is intended for distribution only to "Major Institutional Investors" as defined by Rule 15a-6(b)(4) of the Exchange Act and interpretations thereof by SEC (henceforth referred to as "major institutional investors"). This document must not be acted on or relied on by persons who are not major institutional investors. Any investment or investment activity to which this document relates is only available to major institutional investors and will be engaged in only with major institutional investors. In reliance on the exemption from registration provided by Rule 15a-6 of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") and interpretations thereof by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") in order to conduct business with Institutional Investors based in the U.S., MOFSL has entered into a chaperoning agreement with a U.S. registered brokerdealer, Motilal Oswal Securities International Private Limited. ("MOSIPL"). Any business interaction pursuant to this report will have to be executed within the provisions of this

The Research Analysts contributing to the report may not be registered /qualified as research analyst with FINRA. Such research analyst may not be associated persons of the U.S. registered broker-dealer, MOSIPL, and therefore, may not be subject to NASD rule 2711 and NYSE Rule 472 restrictions on communication with a subject company, public appearances and trading securities held by a research analyst account.

For Singapore

In Singapore, this report is being distributed by Motilal Oswal Capital Markets Singapore Pte Ltd ("MOCMSPL") (Co.Reg. NO. 201129401Z) which is a holder of a capital markets services license and an exempt financial adviser in Singapore As per the approved agreement under Paragraph 9 of Third Schedule of Securities and Futures Act (CAP 289) and Paragraph 11 of First Schedule of Financial Advisors Act (CAP 110) provided to MOCMSPL by Monetary Authority of Singapore. Persons in Singapore should contact MOCMSPL in respect of any matter arising from, or in connection with this report/publication/communication. This report is distributed solely to persons who qualify as "Institutional Investors", of which some of whom may consist of "accredited" institutional investors as defined in section 4A(1) of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore ("the SFA"). Accordingly, if a Singapore person is not or ceases to be such an institutional investor, such Singapore Person must immediately discontinue any use of this Report and inform MOCMSPL.

Specific Disclosures

- MOFSL, Research Analyst and/or his relatives does not have financial interest in the subject company, as they do not have equity holdings in the subject company. MOFSL, Research Analyst and/or his relatives do not have actual/beneficial ownership of 1% or more securities in the subject company
- MOFSL, Research Analyst and/or his relatives have not received compensation/other benefits from the subject company in the past 12 months
- MOFSL, Research Analyst and/or his relatives do not have material conflict of interest in the subject company at the time of publication of research report
- Research Analyst has not served as director/officer/employee in the subject company

 MOFSL has not acted as a manager or co-manager of public offering of securities of the subject company in past 12 months
- MOFSL has not received compensation for investment banking/ merchant banking/brokerage services from the subject company in the past 12 months
- MOFSL has not received compensation for other than investment banking/merchant banking/brokerage services from the subject company in the past 12 months
- MOFSL has not received any compensation or other benefits from third party in connection with the research report
- MOFSL has not engaged in market making activity for the subject company

30 August 2022 23

The associates of MOFSL may have:

- financial interest in the subject company
- actual/beneficial ownership of 1% or more securities in the subject company
- received compensation/other benefits from the subject company in the past 12 months
- other potential conflict of interests with respect to any recommendation and other related information and opinions.; however the same shall have no bearing whatsoever on the specific recommendations made by the analyst(s), as the recommendations made by the analyst(s) are completely independent of the views of the associates of MOFSL even though there might exist an inherent conflict of interest in some of the stocks mentioned in the research report.
- acted as a manager or co-manager of public offering of securities of the subject company in past 12 months
- be engaged in any other transaction involving such securities and earn brokerage or other compensation or act as a market maker in the financial instruments of the company(ies) discussed herein or act as an advisor or lender/borrower to such company(ies)
- received compensation from the subject company in the past 12 months for investment banking / merchant banking / brokerage services or from other than said services.

The associates of MOFSL has not received any compensation or other benefits from third party in connection with the research report

Above disclosures include beneficial holdings lying in demat account of MOFSL which are opened for proprietary investments only. While calculating beneficial holdings, it does not consider demat accounts which are opened in name of MOFSL for other purposes (i.e holding client securities, collaterals, error trades etc.). MOFSL also earns DP income from clients which are not considered in above disclosures.

Analyst Certification

The views expressed in this research report accurately reflect the personal views of the analyst(s) about the subject securities or issues, and no part of the compensation of the research analyst(s) was, is, or will be directly or indirectly related to the specific recommendations and views expressed by research analyst(s) in this report.

Terms & Conditions:

This report has been prepared by MOFSL and is meant for sole use by the recipient and not for circulation. The report and information contained herein is strictly confidential and may not be altered in any way, transmitted to, copied or distributed, in part or in whole, to any other person or to the media or reproduced in any form, without prior written consent of MOFSL. The report is based on the facts, figures and information that are considered true, correct, reliable and accurate. The intent of this report is not recommendatory in nature. The information is obtained from publicly available media or other sources believed to be reliable. Such information has not been independently verified and no guaranty, representation of warranty, express or implied, is made as to its accuracy, completeness or correctness. All such information and opinions are subject to change without notice. The report is prepared solely for informational purpose and does not constitute an offer document or solicitation of offer to buy or sell or subscribe for securities or other financial instruments for the clients. Though disseminated to all the customers simultaneously, not all customers may receive this report at the same time. MOFSL will not treat recipients as customers by virtue of their receiving this report.

Disclaimer

The report and information contained herein is strictly confidential and meant solely for the selected recipient and may not be altered in any way, transmitted to, copied or distributed, in part or in whole, to any other person or to the media or reproduced in any form, without prior written consent. This report and information herein is solely for informational purpose and may not be used or considered as an offer document or solicitation of offer to buy or sell or subscribe for securities or other financial instruments. Nothing in this report constitutes investment, legal, accounting and tax advice or a representation that any investment or strategy is suitable or appropriate to your specific circumstances. The securities discussed and opinions expressed in this report may not be suitable for all investors, who must make their own investment decisions, based on their own investment objectives, financial positions and needs of specific recipient. This may not be taken in substitution for the exercise of independent judgment by any recipient. Each recipient of this document should make such investigations as it deems necessary to arrive at an independent evaluation of an investment in the securities of companies referred to in this document (including the merits and risks involved), and should consult its own advisors to determine the merits and risks of such an investment. The investment discussed or views expressed may not be suitable for all investors. Certain transactions -including those involving futures, options, another derivative products as well as non-investment grade securities - involve substantial risk and are not suitable for all investors. No representation or warranty, express or implied, is made as to the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the information and opinions contained in this document. The Disclosures of Interest Statement incorporated in this document is provided solely to enhance the transparency and should not be treated as endorsement of the views expressed in the report. This information is subject to change without any prior notice. The Company reserves the right to make modifications and alternations to this statement as may be required from time to time without any prior approval. MOFSL, its associates, their directors and the employees may from time to time, effect or have effected an own account transaction in, or deal as principal or agent in or for the securities mentioned in this document. They may perform or seek to perform investment banking or other services for, or solicit investment banking or other business from, any company referred to in this report. Each of these entities functions as a separate, distinct and independent of each other. The recipient should take this into account before interpreting the document. This report has been prepared on the basis of information that is already available in publicly accessible media or developed through analysis of MOFSL. The views expressed are those of the analyst, and the Company may or may not subscribe to all the views expressed therein. This document is being supplied to you solely for your information and may not be reproduced, redistributed or passed on, directly or indirectly, to any other person or published, copied, in whole or in part, for any purpose. This report is not directed or intended for distribution to, or use by, any person or entity who is a citizen or resident of or located in any locality, state, country or other jurisdiction, where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to law, regulation or which would subject MOFSL to any registration or licensing requirement within such jurisdiction. The securities described herein may or may not be eligible for sale in all jurisdictions or to certain category of investors. Persons in whose possession this document may come are required to inform themselves of and to observe such restriction. Neither the Firm, not its directors, employees, agents or representatives shall be liable for any damages whether direct or indirect, incidental, special or consequential including lost revenue or lost profits that may arise from or in connection with the use of the information. The person accessing this information specifically agrees to exempt MOFSL or any of its affiliates or employees from, any and all responsibility/liability arising from such misuse and agrees not to hold MOFSL or any of its affiliates or employees responsible for any such misuse and further agrees to hold MOFSL or any of its affiliates or employees free and harmless from all losses, costs, damages, expenses that may be suffered by the person accessing this information due to any errors and delays.

Registered Office Address: Motilal Oswal Tower, Rahimtullah Sayani Road, Opposite Parel ST Depot, Prabhadevi, Mumbai-400025; Tel No.: 022 71934200/ 022-71934263; Website www.motilaloswal.com.CIN no.: L67190MH2005PLC153397.Correspondence Office Address: Palm Spring Centre, 2nd Floor, Palm Court Complex, New Link Road, Malad(West), Mumbai- 400 064. Tel No: 022 7188 1000.

Registration Nos.: Motilal Oswal Financial Services Limited (MOFSL): INZ000158836(BSE/NSE/MCX/NCDEX); CDSL and NSDL: IN-DP-16-2015; Research Analyst: INH000000412. AMFI: ARN - 146822; Insurance Corporate Agent: CA0579. Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Ltd. (MOAMC): PMS (Registration No.: INP000000670); PMS and Mutual Funds are offered through MOAMC which is group company of MOFSL. Motilal Oswal Wealth Management Ltd. (MOWML): PMS (Registration No.: INP000004409) is offered through MOWML, which is a group company of MOFSL. Motilal Oswal Financial Services Limited is a distributor of Mutual Funds, PMS, Fixed Deposit, Bond, NCDs,Insurance Products and IPOs. Real Estate is offered through Motilal Oswal Real Estate Investment Advisors II Pvt. Ltd. which is a group company of MOFSL. Private Equity is offered through Motilal Oswal Private Equity Investment Advisors Pvt. Ltd which is a group company of MOFSL. Research & Advisory services is backed by proper research. Please read the Risk Disclosure Document prescribed by the Stock Exchanges carefully before investing. There is no assurance or guarantee of the returns. Investment in securities market is subject to market risk, read all the related documents carefully before investing. Details of Compliance Officer: Name: Neeraj Agarwal, Email ID: na@motilaloswal.com, Contact No::022-71881085.