AGRI PICKS

CASTORSEED NOV2

CASTORSEED DEC2

A Daily Report on Agriculture Commodities 11 November 2022

MARKET UPDATE Commodity Exchange Open High Low Close %Chg Volume JEERAUNJHA NOV2 NCDEX 24830 24830 24305 24395 -1.89 1377 **JEERAUNJHA DEC2** NCDEX 25060 25180 24600 24690 -1.89 2592 DHANIYA NOV2 NCDEX 10334 10532 10078 10170 3185 -3.11DHANIYA DEC2 NCDEX 10478 10512 10064 10152 -3.703955 TMCFGRNZM NOV2 NCDEX 7460 7480 7356 7390 -0.67 1885 TMCFGRNZM DEC2 NCDEX 7514 7550 7454 7488 -0.61 1740 853 COTTON NOV2 MCX 32650 33000 32200 32800 -0.15 30750 422 COTTON DEC2 MCX 31500 31650 31410 -0.57 **KAPAS APR3** 1707 1727 1685 1693 -0.76 NCDEX 1345 NCDEX 2686 2726 2653 2664 -0.67 30850 COCUDAKL DEC2 COCUDAKL JAN3 NCDEX 2637 2660 2610 2615 -0.57 8770 **GUARSEED10 NOV2** NCDEX 5150 5178 4970 4978 -0.82 8080 5125 5057 33705 GUARSEED10 DEC2 NCDEX 5155 5068 -0.69 **GUARGUM5 NOV2** NCDEX 10080 10150 9944 9982 0.07 3935 **GUARGUM5 DEC2** NCDEX 10200 10280 10075 10111 -0.02 12165

AGRIBUZZ

7234

7262

7256

7308

0.03

0.03

3385

3855

• The government is considering restarting futures trade in seven commodities, including soybean and crude palm oil, after nearly a year of suspension, a senior government official said.

7338

7316

7338

7300

• The National Commodity and Derivatives Exchange has imposed an additional surveillance margin of 2.5% on all running coriander contracts from Monday till Dec 2, the bourse said in a release.

• The Centre's wheat stocks with the Food Corp of India fell 49.9% on year as of Nov 1 to 21.04 mln tn, a senior government official told Informist.

• India has received 6.3 mm rainfall in the week ended Wednesday, 32% below the normal weighted-average of 9.2 mm for the period, according to data released by the India Meteorological Department. During the week, three homogenous regions in the country received below normal rainfall, while one received above-normal rainfall.

USDA cuts 2022-23 global oilseed output view by 1 mln tn to 645.6 mln

NCDEX

NCDEX

TODAY'S PICKS

The views/strategies expressed in this today's picks are Pre- Market Open views/strategies i.e., BUY/SELL posted in the today's Picks are purely based on technical analysis and recommended for intraday trading. Fundamental factors, sudden currency volatility and other data/news events that have a bearing on price movements were not considered while preparing this report.

- Spices were down on NCDEX on Thursday, with coriander futures hitting its lowest level in more than eight months. Tepid demand weighed on. Jeera futures too came under pressure on lackluster demand though delay in sowing lend support.
- According to the Spices Board, India exported 572890.71 tons of spices during Apr-Aug 2022, down by 14 per cent, compared to 666540.53 tons exported during the same time period a year ago. Export of jeera stood at 91505.49 tons, down by 26 per cent, while that of coriander is seen at 18557.72, down by 12 per cent. In the meantime, both turmeric and small cardamom exports rose by 15 respectively and pepper exports increased seven per cent. Small cardamom export stood at 3794.69 tons, while that of turmeric and pepper was 74393.62 and 9587.86 tons respectively.
- The value of India's spices market is expected to rise to 1 trln rupees by 2025 from 800 bln rupees this year, with the share of the organised sector likely to reach 50% from 38%, according to experts at the National Spice Conference. Currently, the value of the organised segment is pegged at 300 bln rupees. Improved quality, introduction of smaller stock-keeping units and increased shelf life of spices is one of the major reasons for growth of the organised segment, Ramkumar Menon, chairman of World Spice Organisation, said at the conference. Growth prospects in the case of spices are high and branding plays an important role, as it not only makes a memorable impression on consumers, but allows customers and clients to know what to expect from a company. It is a way to distinguish oneself from competitors and clarify what makes one a better choice, according to a panel of experts at the conference. Currently, the branded spices market is growing at a compounded annual rate of 10-15%, against 7-10% in the case of the unorganised segment. India, the world's largest producer, exporter, and consumer of spices, produces 75 of its 109 varieties. Around 85% of the spices produced in India are consumed domestically. The country accounts for more than 48% of global demand.
- Production of spices in India is likely to have declined 1.5% on year to 10.9 mln tn in 2021-22 (Jul-Jun), according to data from Spices Board India. The country had produced 11.0 mln tn of spices in the previous year. Among the complex, a major rise in production was pegged in turmeric. The board has pegged turmeric production at 1.33 mln tn, up 18.4% on year. Jeera production was seen at 725,651 tn, down 8.8% on year due to lower acreage in Rajasthan and Gujarat, the key producer. Production of chilli, counted as one of the largest exported and produced spices in the country, is projected at 1.9 mln tn, compared with 2.0 mln tn a year ago. Production of pepper is seen at 60,000 tn, down 7.7% on year, while the output of small cardamom is seen rising by 3.6% on year to 23,340 tn, data showed.

TECHNICAL VIEW

			Daily JEERAUNJHA DEC2 27.07 2022 - 1	6.11.2022 (BOM)
JEERA NCDEX DEC	Pullbacks to 24860-25000 ranges may not be ruled out as long as support at 24550 holds downside. Slippage past 24500 ranges accompanied by consider- able volume may strengthen weakness.	*	Chdl, JEERAUNHA OEC2, Trade Price, 10:11 2022, 25,060,00, 25,180,00, 24,500,00, 24,720,00, 445:00, (-1,77%), TMA, JEERAUNHA OEC2, Trade Price(Last), 14, 21, Single, 10:11 2022, 24,494,29, 24,356 ET	Phoe BR 1008 -25,500 -25,000 -25,500
DHANIYA NCDEX DEC	Pullbacks to 10340-10430 range may not be ruled out. However, such moves stretching beyond 10540 may call for more short-covering.			-25,000 24,730,60 24,434,223 24,854,87 -24,000 -23,500
TURMERIC NCDEX DEC	A rise above 7630 or a fall past 7200 may lend fresh directions.	*	SMCD. EERAUNUMA GEC2 Trace Proceduati. 12, 26 0 Exponentia: 10 11 2022 60.01. 36:70 01 08:16:22 29:05:12:19 26:03:10:17 24:31:07 01 08:16:22 9:05:12:19 26:03:10:17 24:31:07 01:08:16:22 September 2022 October 2022 Nov 2	Auto Value PIR Auto III Auto IIII III 2

- The US Department of Agriculture has lowered its estimate for global cotton output for 2022-23 (Oct-Nov) to 116.4 mln bales (1 US bale = 218 kg) from 118.1 mln bales projected a month ago. The reason for the lowered estimate is attributed to the damaged crop from Pakistan due to floods, the department said in its World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates report for November. The report said that global cotton production for November is estimated to be down 1.6 mln bales from October. Further, global cotton consumption is seen at 115 mln bales in November as against 115.6 mln bales a month ago. The consumption is seen lower due to a decline in mill use in Pakistan and Bangladesh, the report said. For November, global cotton exports are estimated at 43.2 mln bales, marginally down from 43.6 mln bales the previous month. The decline is due to lesser projected exports from West Africa along with import reductions from Bangladesh and China, hampering trade worldwide. The agency has also lowered its 2022-23 global ending stocks estimate to 87.2 mln bales. The consumption estimate for the country is seen at 24.0 mln bales, steady from last month. For 2022-23, cotton ending stocks in India are now seen at 10.3 mln bales, higher than the 10.2 mln bales projected a month ago, the report said.
- Cotton ending stocks in India for 2022-23 are now seen at 10.2 mln bales, higher than 8.9 mln bales projected a month ago, the report said. The farm ministry today pegged the country's kharif foodgrain output in 2022-23 (Jul-Jun) at 149.9 mln tn, according to the first advance estimates released today. Cotton output in 2022-23 is pegged at 34.2 mln bales, as against 36.2 mln bales in 2021-22. But in its fourth advance estimate for 2021-22, the government had lowered its cotton output view to around 31.2 mln bales.
- The area under cotton across India in 2022-23 (Jul-Jun) season was over 12.7 mln ha as of Thursday, up 7.5% from a year ago, data from the farm ministry showed. Sowing has been completed in northern states and acreage in Haryana, the top producer in the region, fell 5.4% on year to 650,473 ha. In Punjab, it fell 2.4% to 248,000 ha. Inadequate power supply for irrigation and non-availability of canal water during the initial sowing stage led to a drop in acreage in the northern states, experts said. In Gujarat, acreage rose to 2.5 mln ha as against 2.2 mln ha a year ago. In Maharashtra, the area under the crop increased 7.3% on year to 4.2 mln ha, while in Telangana, it fell 2.2% to 2.01 mln ha. Gujarat is the top producer of cotton in India, followed by Maharashtra and Telangana. Together, Gujarat and Maharashtra account for 50-55% of the country's total production.
- According to a circular from MCX, the exchange is in process of modifying the Cotton contract specification. Accordingly, with
 effect from August 29, 2022, no fresh positions will be permitted in Cotton January 2023 expiry contract which has currently
 nil open interest. Cotton February 2023 expiry and subsequent expiry contracts will temporarily not be launched for trading
 till such time the revised contract specification is finalized. No changes for other running Cotton contracts with Open Interest.

TECHNICAL VIEW

KAPAS NCDEX APR23	Profit booking may continue, possibly towards 1678/1665 ranges, even as there prevails positive sentiments.	-	Daily COCUDAKL DEC2 27.07 Crdl, COCUDAKL DEC2, Trade Price, 10.11.2022, 2.686.00, 2.726.00, 2.683.00, 2.664.00, -17.00 2MA, COCUDAKL DEC2, Trade Price(Last), 14. 21, Simple, 10.11.2022, 2.526.29, 2.4654.67	2022 - 16 11 2022 (BON) I (-0.63%) II (-0.63%) Price IVR 1008 -2.700 -2.660
COCU- DAKL NCDEX DEC	2640 is the immediate support and sus- tained trades below the same may see profit booking continuing towards 2615- 2605 or even more. Alternatively, a direct rise above 2730 may call for 2750 -2760 or even more.	* *		2 550 -2 450 -2 450 -2 350 -2 350 -2 350 -2 250 -2 250 -2 250
COTTON MCX NOV	May trade with positive bias as long as support at 31900 holds downside. A vo- luminous rise above 33100 may strengthen positive bias.		MACD_COCULDANSLICEC2_Trade Price(Last)_12_35_9_Exponential_12_11_2022_75_72_01.66 01 06 16 22 29 05 12 19 26 03 10 17 24 51 August 2022 September 2022 Cocober 2022	2,150 2,150 Auto 1008 07 14 Nov 22

- The farm agency of Canada, one of the biggest exporters of pulses to India, has scaled up its estimate for chana prices in 2022 -23 (Aug-Jul) due to lower carryover stocks. The agency, Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, now sees chana prices in 2022-23 at \$925 per tn compared to its previous estimate of \$900 per tn. "The price forecasts are subject to significant volatility due to the elevated amount of uncertainty in global markets," the agency said in its October report. Meanwhile, the agency cut its estimate for the average price of dry beans to \$1,235 per tn from \$1,250 per tn in September due to expectations of higher supply globally. The production estimates for chana, masur, dry peas and dry beans were left unchanged from last month. Production of chana in 2022-23 is expected to rise sharply to 157,000 tn from 76,000 tn in 2021-22, while the output of dry beans is seen at 305,000 tn, according to the report. Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada is responsible for policies governing the production, processing, and marketing of all farm, food, and agri-based products.
- The Union Cabinet today approved 2-9% hike in the minimum support price of six rabi crops for the coming marketing season starting April. The minimum support price of wheat has been increased by 5.5% to 2,125 rupees per 100 kg, while that of chana was raised by 2.0% to 5,335 rupees per 100 kg, the government said. Wheat, the crucial rabi crop, accounts for over 70% of the rabi foodgrain output, and chana is the largest rabi pulse crop. Minimum support prices, or the rates at which the government buys crops from farmers in case prices slip in the market, gives security and direction to growers in terms of realisation from their produce. They also help boost production of a desired crop. The Cabinet also approved increasing minimum support price of mustard by 7.9% to 5,450 rupees per 100 kg, and for masur by 9.1% to 6,000 rupees per 100 kg. The support price for barley was increased by 6.1% to 1,735 rupees per 100 kg. In the fourth advance estimate, the government predicted output of wheat in the 2021-22 (Jul-Jun) crop year at 106.8 mln tn, while oilseed production is pegged at 37.69 mln tn. Pulses output was seen at 27.69 mln tn, against 27.75 mln tn estimated in the third advance estimate.
- The government has pegged the output of pulses at 8.4 mln tn, significantly lower than 9.5 mln tn estimated in the first advance estimate of last year. As of Thursday, the area under pulses fell 4.1% to 13.2 mln ha across the country. The drop in acreage of pulses is a cause for concern as it could lead to higher prices in retail markets during the pulses marketing season. Farmers have shifted to oilseeds and cotton this kharif season due to higher price realisations of the crops and delay in monsoon rainfall in June and July.
- India's Guar split exports decreased in the month of July'2022 by 32% to 5,882 MT as compared to 8,620 MT previous month. However, the Guarsplit shipments up by 3.92% in July'22 compared to the same period last year. Out of the total exports, around 4,220 MT (71.74%) bought by China, 302 MT (9.98%) bought by USA. : India's Guar gum exports decreased in the month of July 2022 by 23% to 22,501 MT compared to 29,236 MT during previous month. However, the gum shipments were up by 36.12% in July 2022 compared to the same period last year. Out of the total exported quantity, around 5737 MT (25.50%) was bought by the US, Russia bought 4077 MT (18.12%), China 1,884 MT (8.37%), and Germany 2,270 MT (10.09%). Export demand declined amid correction in crude oil prices. We expect Guar gum export in Aug'22 around 22,000-25,000 tonnes, as WTI crude oil corrected by 9.72% in Aug'22.

	TEC	HNICAL VI	EW	
CASTOR			Daily GUARSEED10 DEC2 27.07 2022 - 16.111 Cndi, GUARSEED10 DEC2, Trade Price, 10.11.2022, 5.125.00, 5.155.00, 5.057.00, 5.068.00, -5500 (-0.64%) 20.04732E010 DEC2, Trade Price, 10.11.2022, 5.125.00, 5.155.00, 5.056.00, -5500 (-0.64%) Daily GUARSEED10 DEC2, Trade Price, 10.11.2022, 5.125.00, 5.155.00, 5.057.00, 5.068.00, -5500 (-0.64%) 20.04732E010 DEC2, Trade Price, 10.11.2022, 5.125.00, 5.155.00, 5.056.00, -5500 (-0.64%)	2022 (BON) Price
NCDEX DEC	May vary inside 7400-7200 ranges.			WR 1006 -5,300
GUARSEED NCDEX DEC	Profit booking may continue unless 5165 is breached convincingly upside.			-5.200 5.058.00 -5,000
DEC				-4.900 4.798000 4.77224 -4.700
GUARGUM NCDEX DEC	A rise above 10300 or a fall past 10020 may lend fresh directions.	4	MACD, GUARSEED10 DEC2, Trade Price(Last), 12, 26, 9, Epomental, 10, 11, 2022, 25, 89, -06, 60	-4.600 -4.500 Puto
				Value State
RUBBER MCX NOV	Choppy moves expected.		01 06 16 22 29 05 12 10 26 03 10 17 24 51 07 14 August 2022 September 2022 October 2022 Nov 22	E40

- Crude palm oil output in Malaysia rose 2.4% on month to 1.8 mln tn in October, data from the Malaysian Palm Oil Board showed. Export of palm oil in October grew 5.7% on month to 1.5 mln tn, while outbound shipments of biodiesel fell 35.6% on month to 18,894 tn, the data showed. Palm oil is also used to make biofuel. Total stocks of palm oil in the country were up 3.7% on month at 2.4 mln tn as of Oct 31. Malaysia is the world's second-largest producer of crude palm oil, and India is the largest consumer of edible oils in the world.
- With the focus to promote development and use of sustainable palm oil production and trade, Solvent Extractors' Association of India and Solidaridad Asia renewed a memorandum of understanding with the Indonesian Palm Oil Board today, according to a statement by SEA. The memorandum was signed in the Indonesia-India joint working group meeting, which took place in Bali, Indonesia. With the memorandum of understanding, all three organisations agreed to facilitate the implementation of Indonesian Sustainable Palm Oil through activities, which advance the interests of producers, processors, users, and consumers through product and market development. "The parties agreed to cooperate on resolution of policy matters through a joint effort, where the interests of the three organisations are amenable," according to the release.
- The Solvent Extractors' Association of India aims to grow genetically modified mustard across 200 farms in the ongoing rabi season and has sought seeds from the farm ministry for the purpose. In a letter to the ministry, the industry body has sought 100 kg of genetically modified mustard seeds to cultivate the crop across 200 model farms during the ongoing rabi season. Under its Mustard Model Farms Program, the solvent extractors' body targets to have 1,000 mustard farms in the major growing states of Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh, Punjab, and Uttar Pradesh. In a bid to boost production of edible oils, the environment ministry's Genetic Engineering Appraisal Committee had on Oct 25 recommended environmental release of genetically modified mustard. The decision paved the way for commercial cultivation of India's first transgenic food crop. In its letter, the solvent extractors' body expressed hope that GM mustard cultivation "will lead to a yellow revolution to achieve 'atmanirbharta' (self-reliance) in edible oils" for India, a top importer of edible oils.
- The government has exempted wholesalers and big retail companies from stockholding limits on oil and oilseeds with immediate effect, the
 government said in a release on Tuesday. "As there is considerable decline in the prices of edible oil in the international market as well as the
 domestic market, the stock limit order was reviewed by the department," the release said. Due to the imposition of stock limits on oil and
 oilseeds, wholesalers and big chain retail outlets were facing hurdles in sales amid limited quantities, the release said. In October last year,
 the government had imposed stock limit on edible oil and oilseeds to address the volatility in domestic and global prices and keep a check
 on hoarding, especially of soybean seeds. It later extended the order till Dec 31. Doing away with the stock limits on wholesalers and
 big retail companies would allow them to keep various varieties and brands of edible oils. It would also boost the procurement of oilseeds,
 while ensuring remunerative returns to domestic farmers, the release said.
- India's soymeal exports in September rose 287.5% on year to 31,000 tn, the Soybean Processors Association of India said. For 2021-22 (Oct-Sep), soymeal exports plunged to 650,000 tn from 1.9 mln tn in the previous year. Soymeal is primarily used as poultry and livestock feed. Indian soymeal is non-genetically modified and considered rich in protein.
- India's exports of oilmeals rose 31% on year to 240,669 tn in September, according to data released by the Solvent Extractors' Association of India today. During the first six months of the financial year that began on Apr 1, exports of oilmeals rose 39% on year to 1.8 mln tn. The rise in exports of oilmeals was mainly attributed to the surge in exports of mustard meal that spiked to 1.2 mln tn in Apr-Sep from 605,355 tn in the year-ago period. However, in case of soymeal, exports remained subdued as "India is out priced in the international market", the association said in a release. Exports of soymeal plunged to 121,976 tn in Apr-Sep compared with 161,588 tn a year ago.
- The US Department of Agriculture has scaled down its estimate for global production of oilseeds in 2022-23 (May-Apr) to 645.6 mln tn from 646.6 mln tn. "Lower soybean, sunflowerseed, and cottonseed production is partly offset by higher rapeseed," the agency said in its November report. The agency has projected global soybean output in 2022-23 at 390.5 mln tn, 500,000 tn lower than the estimate in October. The lower estimate is mainly due to a decline in production from Argentina, according to the report. Soybean production in Brazil is estimated at 152 mln tn, steady from last month's projection, while that in Argentina is projected at 49.5 mln tn, against 51.0 mln tn estimated last month. The agency has scaled up its estimate for soybean production in the US, and now sees output at 118.27 mln tn, against its projection of 117.38 mln tn last month. Brazil is the world's top producer of soybean, followed by the US and Argentina. The agency has also scaled up its estimate for global esovil production in 2022-23 has also been kept largely unchanged at 61.9 mln tn. However, the estimate for global soyoil exports in 2022-23 has been revised marginally lower to 12.70 mln tn from 12.90 mln tn estimated the previous month. Additionally, the department has projected global soymeal output in 2022-23 at 258.5 mln tn, up from 256.6 mln tn in October. The agency estimates global exports of soymeal at 69.95 mln tn, compared with 69.93 mln tn pegged last month.
- Soymeal is a derivative of soybean. It is manufactured by crushing the oilseed and is mainly used in production of poultry feed. India's vegetable oil imports declined 7% year-on-year to 1.6 mln tn in September, the Solvent Extractors' Association of India said today. For Nov-Sep, imports of vegetable oil were at 13.0 mln tn, against 12.5 mln tn in the year-ago period. The vegetable oil basket consists of edible and non-edible oils. Edible oil imports for Nov-Sep stood at 12.7 mln tn, against 12.1 mln tn in the year-ago period, the data showed. The edible oil import basket comprises crude and refined palm oils, crude soyoil, sunflower oil, and mustard oil. India imports palm oil from Indonesia and Malaysia, and soyoil from Argentina. Sunflower oil is imported from Ukraine and Russia, and canola oil from Canada. India is the world's largest importer of edible oils.
- India's soybean output is estimated to rise 1.3% at 12.0 mln tn in 2022-23 (Jul-Jun), the Soybean Processors Association of India said in its first advance estimate. The association's estimate is lower than the government's projection of 12.9 mln tn. The rise in soybean crop output in the ongoing crop year has been attributed to higher productivity. SOPA sees the soybean yield increasing at 1,051 kg per ha as against 991 kg per ha in the previous season. However, in 2022-23, soybean acreage is seen lower at 11.5 mln ha versus 12.0 mln ha in the previous season. "Water logging has been seen in low-lying areas of Maharashtra and Madhya Pradesh, causing yellowing of leaves and there may be some damage to crop and also yield loss in these areas," the association had said in a survey report earlier. According to data by the farm ministry, total area under the crop in the country is 12.1 mln ha. The condition of the crop sown throughout India, however, is seen normal to good, it had said. It classifies crop conditions in four categories—poor, normal, good, and very good. Soybean fields are mostly weed-free and there is no significant attack of insects or diseases, the association had said in the report. In Madhya Pradesh, the largest producer of the oilseed in the country, production is pegged slightly higher at 5.3 mln tn from 5.2 mln tn in the previous year. The yield in the state is seen increasing to 1,051 kg per ha from around 939 kg per ha last year, it said. Output in Maharashtra is seen marginally lower at 4.7 mln tn this year, as against 4.8 mln tn last year, due to a fall nyield it said. The yield in the state is seen falling to 1,080 kg per ha from around 939 kg per ha last year, it said. Output in Maharashtra is 2021-22, it said. Crop damage and a loss in yield are expected in some regions of Indore, Ujjain, Hoshangabad and Rewa in Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra's Latur, Amravati and Nagpur. Production in Rajasthan is seen rising to 985,300 tn in the ongoing crop year as against 704,700 tn in the previ
- India's kharif acreage in 2022-23 (Jul-Jun) has ended 1% lower on year at 110.3 mln ha, according to data released by the farm ministry. The slight drop is due to lower area under crops such as rice, pulses and groundnut. The area under oilseeds so far is at 19.2 mln ha, compared with 19.4 mln ha a year ago, while the area under pulses is at 13.4 mln ha, as against 13.9 mln ha a year ago.
- The farm ministry today pegged the country's kharif foodgrain output in 2022-23 (Jul-Jun) at 149.9 mln tn, according to the first advance estimates released. The production view for soybean has been raised slightly to 12.9 mln tn, as against 12.7 mln tn pegged in the previous year's first advance estimate. Soybean accounts for over 52% of the kharif oilseed production basket.

				TEC	HNICAL		c					
				IEC	INICAL	LEVEL	.2					
Commodity	Exchange	Open*	High*	Low*	Close*	S 3	S2	S1	Pivot	R1	R2	R3
JEERAUNJHA DEC2	NCDEX	25060	25180	24600	24690	23887	24243	24467	24823	25047	25403	25627
TMCFGRNZM DEC2	NCDEX	7514	7550	7454	7488	7349	7401	7445	7497	7541	7593	7637
DHANIYA DEC2	NCDEX	10478	10512	10064	10152	9525	9795	9973	10243	10421	10691	10869
CASTORSEED DEC2	NCDEX	7300	7316	7262	7308	7221	7262	7275	7295	7329	7349	7383
GUARSEED10 DEC2	NCDEX	5125	5155	5057	5068	4934	4995	5032	5093	5130	5191	5228
GUARGUM5 DEC2	NCDEX	10200	10280	10075	10111	9826	9950	10031	10155	10236	10360	10441
MENTHAOIL NOV2	МСХ	963.0	967.0	955.0	961.5	943	949	955	961	967	973	979
COCUDAKL DEC2	NCDEX	2686	2726	2653	2664	2563	2608	2636	2681	2709	2754	2782
KAPAS APR3	NCDEX	1707.0	1727.0	1685.0	1693.0	1634	1660	1676	1702	1718	1744	1760
COTTON NOV2	MCX	32650	33000	32200	32800	31533	31867	32333	32667	33133	33467	33933

Pivot Point: A predictive indicator of the market which is calculated as an average of significant prices from the performance of a market in the prior trading period. An open above the pivot point is generally considered bullish and vice versa.
 S1, S2 & S3 are supports and R1, R2, and R3 are resistances from where a turnaround can be anticipated.
 *Open, High, Low and Close prices of previous trading day / ^Cottonseed Oil Cake

TRADING SIGNALS										
Commodition	Eveloper	Intraday Medium term			RSI		Voltality			
Commodities	Exchange	View	13 day EMA	22 day EMA	Condition	Trending	1 day	Annualised		
JEERAUNJHA DEC2	NCDEX	NEGATIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Neutral	Strong	1.06%	16.8%		
TMCFGRNZM DEC2	NCDEX	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	POSITIVE	Neutral	Strong	1.49%	23.7%		
DHANIYA DEC2	NCDEX	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Oversold	Strong	1.94%	30.8%		
GUARSEED10 DEC2	NCDEX	FLAT/CHOPPY	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Overbought	Strong	1.32%	20.9%		
GUARGUM5 DEC2	NCDEX	FLAT/CHOPPY	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Overbought	Strong	1.56%	24.8%		
CASTORSEED DEC2	NCDEX	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Neutral	Strong	0.61%	9.7%		
KAPAS APR3	NCDEX	FLAT/CHOPPY	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Neutral	Strong	1.87%	29.6%		
COTTON NOV2	мсх	FLAT/CHOPPY	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Neutral	Strong	2.31%	36.7%		
COCUDAKL DEC2	NCDEX	NEGATIVE	POSITIVE	POSITIVE	Overbought	Strong	1.50%	23.8%		
MENTHAOIL NOV2	мсх	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Oversold	Strong	0.67%	10.6%		

Trading signals is prepared based on statistical analysis and is purely on technical indicators like exponential moving averages (EMAs), Relative strength Index (RSI) and stochastic, putting altogether provides an idea about intraday, short, medium and long term trend of the commodities. It also signals the risk of an investment in both agricultural and global commodities as well. Based on all listed indicators above, investors were able to fix a daily, near term and long term trends. However, must be cautious especially for real-time intraday traders/jobbers.

Trading Strategy based on EMA

Trading strategies mentioned in the report is mainly based on 3, 5, 13, 22, 45 & 60 days exponential Moving Averages. 3 and 5 day EMA has taken for developing Intraday trading strategy, 13 days and 22 days EMA for Short term and Medium term, while 45,60 days EMA for Long term. Here, we use EMAs for POSITIVE and NEGATIVE signals. POSITIVE signal is formed when a short-term moving average (eg: 30 day) crosses from below a longer-term average (eg: 60 day), which is considered bullish. Likewise, NEGATIVE signal is formed when a short term moving average (eg: 30 day) crosses from above a longer term moving average (eg: 60 day), which is considered bearish.

Intraday and Overall view The section is consist of both Intraday and Overall view. The Intraday view is calculated by netting out of POSITIVEs/NEGATIVEs/FLAT signals

Annualised		Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings	Risk %	Ratings
Volatility >	> 35%	Very High risk	27 to 34%	High risk	20 to 26%	Moderate risk	11 to 19%	Low risk	1 to 10%	Very Low risk

Source: Informist (Cogencis), Reuters, e-News, NCDEX, MCX, ICEX and other International exchanges



Strong bias or bullish



Mild bullish bias



Mild bearish bias

Choppy with negative note

Weak bias or bearish





Choppy with positive note



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