

MARKET UPDATE

| Commodity | Exchange | Open | High | Low | Close | %Chg | Volume |
|-----------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|--------|
| JEERAUNJHA MAY3 | NCDEX | 45480 | 45780 | 44005 | 45490 | -0.15 | 2982 |
| JEERAUNJHA JUN3 | NCDEX | 45225 | 46250 | 44930 | 45970 | -0.08 | 3015 |
| DHANIYA MAY3 | NCDEX | 6660 | 6828 | 6632 | 6694 | 0.00 | 3245 |
| DHANIYA JUN3 | NCDEX | 6730 | 6918 | 6724 | 6780 | 0.09 | 3000 |
| TMCFGRNZM MAY3 | NCDEX | 7148 | 7470 | 7040 | 7214 | 1.26 | 8890 |
| TMCFGRNZM JUN3 | NCDEX | 7230 | 7590 | 7160 | 7332 | 1.55 | 8620 |
| COTTONCNDY JUN3 | MCX | 62940 | 62940 | 62700 | 62800 | -0.38 | 23 |
| COTTONCNDY AUG3 | MCX | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -100.00 | 0 |
| KAPAS NOV3 | NCDEX | #N/A | #N/A | #N/A | 1613 | 0.00 | #N/A |
| COCUDAKL MAY3 | NCDEX | 2815 | 2828 | 2795 | 2809 | -0.28 | 13470 |
| COCUDAKL JUN3 | NCDEX | 2852 | 2863 | 2830 | 2841 | -0.46 | 12120 |
| GUARSEED10 MAY3 | NCDEX | 5564 | 5620 | 5545 | 5581 | 0.11 | 12395 |
| GUARSEED10 JUN3 | NCDEX | 5630 | 5676 | 5603 | 5643 | 0.09 | 15825 |
| GUARGUM5 MAY3 | NCDEX | 11160 | 11249 | 11060 | 11160 | 0.35 | 3960 |
| GUARGUM5 JUN3 | NCDEX | 11290 | 11380 | 11192 | 11295 | 0.20 | 7965 |
| CASTORSEED MAY3 | NCDEX | 5945 | 6078 | 5912 | 6011 | 1.13 | 4950 |
| CASTORSEED JUN3 | NCDEX | 6020 | 6098 | 5990 | 6091 | 1.38 | 4755 |

AGRIBUZZ

- The National Commodity and Derivatives Exchange has imposed an additional surveillance margin of 2.5% on jeera and turmeric contracts till May 24 and May 25, respectively. The margin is also applicable to coriander contracts till May 10, the bourse said in a release.
- The ongoing spell of untimely rains in several parts of the country is not seen impacting the onset of the southwest monsoon as of now, Skymet Weather President G.P. Sharma said. The southwest monsoon starts its journey into the Indian subcontinent from the Kerala coast typically around Jun 1.
- Farmers in the country have sown summer crops across 6.5 mln ha, down 1.1% on year, as of Friday this year, data from the farm ministry showed.
- The National Agricultural Cooperative Marketing Federation of India today floated a tender inviting bids for the procurement of imported urad and tur on a daily basis at designated locations. The auction for urad and tur will be held on Wednesday this week and on May 8, May 10 and May 12.
- There is a need to promote use of maize in ethanol blending to achieve the target of 20% blending by 2025, Piyush Goyal, minister for food and public distribution said.

TODAY'S PICKS

Market Buzz

- NCDEX Jeera futures trimmed initial losses to end marginally down on Wednesday on improved arrivals in the spot market, while turmeric futures trimmed gains after hitting its highest level in more than three months. Coriander futures inched up too.
- According to Gujarat government's third advance estimates released, jeera production is estimated to fall 9.3% on year to 200,780 tn. Gujarat is the second-largest producer of the commodity.
- Coriander production is seen to rise 81% on year to 376,090 tn in Gujarat, according to the state government's third advance estimates.
- India's export of spices during Apr-Jan declined 13% on year to 1.1 mln tn, according to data from the Spices Board India. In terms of value, the exports rose by 1.5% to 249.7 bln rupees. Export fell for chilli, small cardamom, jeera, coriander, and ginger. However, garlic exports rose sharply by 165% on year at 47,329 tn. While exports of jeera during Apr-Jan declined 18% on year to 154,782.6 tn, turmeric exports rose 8% on year to 136,492.6 tn. India exported 36,823.4 tn of coriander, which is down 11% on year, the data showed. Exports of small cardamom declined 23% on year to 6,447.8 tn. While large cardamom exports rose 8% on year to 1,541.8 tn. Exports of chilli in Apr-Jan were down 19% on year at 378,209.3 tn, while exports of other spices including as cinnamon, saffron, asafoetida rose 18% on year to 68,657 tn, according to the data.
- Spices Board said it had rescheduled the 14th edition of World Spice Congress from February to Sep 15-17. The congress is scheduled to be held at the CIDCO Exhibition and Convention Centre in Navi Mumbai. The rescheduling is due to constraints in international travel owing to the COVID-19 situation in some of the major spice importing countries. "The venue for the event will remain the same and all existing registrations of delegates and exhibition stalls will be carried forward to the rescheduled event," the board said.

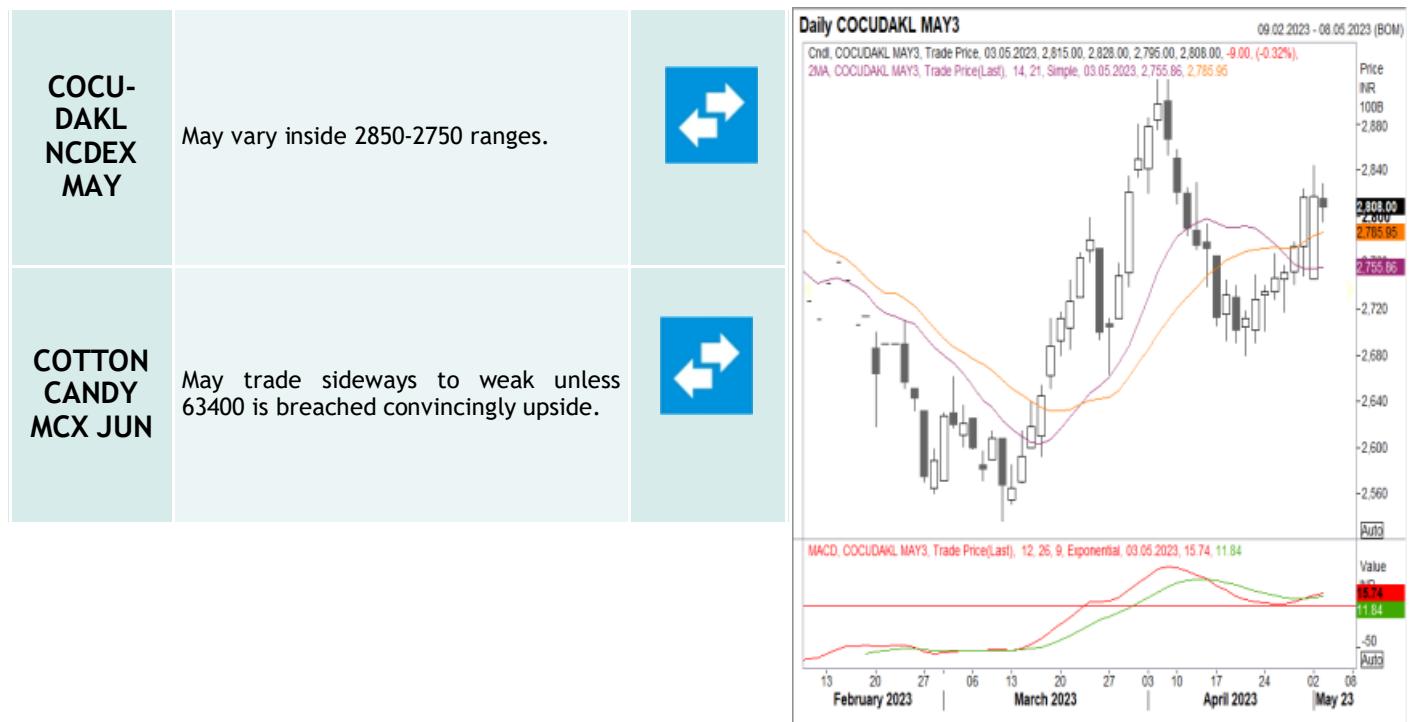
TECHNICAL VIEW

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| JEERA NCDEX MAY | While the trend stays positive, unless 46000 is breached convincingly upside, corrective dips are likely, with supports seen at 44700/44000 |  | <p>Daily JEERAUNJHA MAY3 09.02.2023 - 08.05.2023 (BOM)</p> <p>Cndl. JEERAUNJHA MAY3, Trade Price, 09.05.2023, 45,480.00, 45,780.00, 44,005.00, 45,335.00, -225.00, (-0.49%). 2MA, JEERAUNJHA MAY3, Trade Price(Last), 14, 21, Simple, 03.05.2023, 41,691.07, 40,112.86</p>  <p>Price INR 100B 48,000 46,000 44,000 42,000 40,000 38,000 36,000 34,000 32,000 30,000 28,000 26,000 24,000 22,000 20,000 18,000 16,000 14,000 12,000 10,000 8,000 6,000 4,000 2,000 0</p> <p>MACD, JEERAUNJHA MAY3, Trade Price(Last), 12, 26, 9, Exponential, 03.05.2023, 2,523.82, 2,191.19</p> <p>0 2,191.19 100B 0</p> |
| DHANIYA NCDEX MAY | A voluminous rise above 6840 or a fall past 6630 may lend fresh directions for the day. |  | |
| TURMERIC NCDEX MAY | Dips to 7050-6940 ranges may not be ruled out before inching up. However, such moves stretching beyond 6800 may dampen sentiments. |  | |

Market Buzz

- The Cotton Association of India has further cut its estimate for cotton production in India in the 2022-23 (Oct-Sep) season by 1 mln bales (1 bale = 170 kg) to 30.3 mln bales, it said in a release. In March, the association had estimated India's cotton output at 31.3 mln bales, down from 32.2 mln bales projected a month ago. The total supply of cotton between October 2022 and March 2023 is now estimated at 22.9 mln bales. This comprises arrivals of 19.1 mln bales, imports of 650,000 bales and an opening stock of 3.2 mln bales at the beginning of the season, said Atul S. Ganatra, president of the association. Cotton consumption for Oct-Mar has been estimated at 14.9 mln bales, while export shipments till 31 Mar are estimated at 1.0 mln bales. According to the association, stock at the end of March 2023 is estimated at 6.9 mln bales, including 5.0 mln bales with textile mills and the remaining 1.9 mln bales with the Cotton Corporation of India, Maharashtra Federation, and others (multinational corporations, traders, ginners), which includes cotton sold but not delivered. Total supply of cotton during the 2022-23 season has been estimated at 35 mln bales, down from the earlier estimate of 35.7 mln bales.
- The US Department of Agriculture has scaled up its estimate for global cotton output in 2022-23 (Aug-Jul) to 115.9 mln bales (1 US bale = 218 kg) from 115.1 mln bales projected a month ago. Cotton production is expected to rise as higher production in China will balance out the reduction in Brazil's output, the department said in its World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates report for April. Cotton production in India in 2022-23 is seen at 24.5 mln tn, steady from estimates of the previous month. However, the output in Brazil is seen down by 300,000 tn to 13 mln tn. The agency sees global cotton consumption at 110.17 mln bales, up by 60,000 bales from projections in March due to higher demand prospects from China, which will offset the decline in Bangladesh and Brazil, the report said. Global ending stocks of cotton in 2022-23 are pegged at 92.01 mln bales, up from 91.15 mln bales projected last month. Consumption in India and Pakistan is estimated to be unchanged at 22.5 mln bales and 8.6 mln bales, respectively. The estimate for exports from India has been cut to 1.8 mln bales from 2.2 mln bales last month. Cotton ending stocks in India for 2022-23 are seen at 10.5 mln bales, higher than 10.1 mln bales projected a month ago, the report said.
- The National Commodity and Derivatives Exchange of India has announced modifications in parameters relating to trading of cotton on its platform. Among other things, NCDEX has changed the trading and delivery unit to 25 bales (170 kg) from the current 100 bales (170 kg). This modification has been introduced "in order to facilitate participation of small and medium size ginners and other market participants", it said in a release. Considering that Maharashtra is the second largest producer of cotton, and Akola is a major cotton trading centre, the exchange has announced Akola as an additional delivery centre for cotton. Currently, Kadi in Gujarat is the only delivery centre. The exchange also announced modifications in parameters such as staple length, colour grade, tolerance limit and premium or discount for delivery location differences. The modifications will be effective from Apr 11, NCDEX said.
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TECHNICAL VIEW



OTHERS

Market Buzz

- The National Agricultural Cooperative Marketing Federation of India has purchased 798,811.44 tn chana under the price support scheme in its rabi procurement operations, the agency said in a tweet. The number of farmers who benefitted in this procurement was 413,308 and a sum of 42.61 bln rupees was paid to them, the agency said. The government has set the minimum support price for chana at 5,335 rupees per 100 kg for the 2023-24 rabi marketing season. NAFED purchased chana in Telengana, Gujarat, Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh, and Rajasthan in this round of procurement, it added.
- Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada has scaled down its estimate for chickpea prices in Canada for 2022-23 (Aug-Jul) to \$1,035 per tn from \$1,165 per tn projected in February. It has also lowered its estimates for mustard seed prices to \$2,365 per tn from \$2,525 per tn projected last month. In its March report, the farm agency said the average price of mustard seed is forecast to fall, but remain historically high due to expectations of increased carry-out stocks in Canada. The estimate for overall supply of chickpeas in Canada is unchanged from last month at 328,000 tn. The agency has also kept exports of chickpeas steady at 200,000 tn. Similarly, estimates for overall supply and exports of mustard seed are unchanged at 177,000 tn and 115,000 tn, respectively. The agency left its price estimates for lentils, dry beans and dry peas unchanged from last month at \$800 per tn, \$1,165 per tn and \$460 per tn, respectively. Canada is one of the biggest exporters of lentils to India. Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada is responsible for policies governing production, processing and marketing of farm, food and agri-based products in Canada.
- According to 2nd Advance Estimates released by farm ministry, pulses output is seen at 27.8 mln tn in the ongoing crop year, as against 27.3 mln tn in the previous year. Chana output for 2022-23 is pegged at 13.6 mln tn compared with 13.5 mln tn in 2021-22. Tur output is seen at 3.7 mln tn compared to 4.2 mln tn in the final estimate of last year.
- Rabi chana sowing ends. The area under rabi chana across the country was at 11.2 mln ha, down 2% on year, data from the farm ministry showed. The decline was primarily due to lower sowing in Andhra Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Gujarat, and Madhya Pradesh. Sowing of chana across the country has ended for the rabi season. On a week-on-week basis, the total acreage rose 0.6% from 11 mln ha, data showed. In Maharashtra, the second-largest grower, chana was sown across 2.9 mln ha, up 9.6% on year. In Rajasthan, it was sown across 2.1 mln ha, up 4.9% on year. The acreage in Madhya Pradesh, the top grower, declined 11.1% to 2.2 mln ha. In Gujarat, it fell 31% to 765,000 ha, whereas it declined by 18.2% to 341,000 ha in Andhra Pradesh.
- India's guar split exports increased in the month of Feb '2023 by 19% to 4,420 tonnes compared to 3,711 tonnes previous month at an average FoB of US \$1,843 per tonne in the month of Feb '23 compared to US \$1,936 per tonne previous month. However, the guar split shipments went down by 19% in Feb '23 compared to the same period last year. Of the total exported quantity, 4,100 tonnes bought by China, US 260 tonnes and Switzerland 60 tonnes. India's guar gum exports decreased in the month of February 2023 by 13% to 18,488 tonnes compared to 21,326 tonnes during previous month at an average FoB of US \$1,558 per tonne in the month of Feb '2023 as compared to US \$1,482 per tonne previous month. Further, the gum shipments were marginally down by 0.1% in Feb '2023 as compared to the corresponding year. Out of the total exported quantity, around 5,448 tonnes bought by USA, Russia 3,726 tonnes, Germany 2,552 tonnes, Canada 936 tonnes, China 740 tonnes and Australia 770 tonnes.

TECHNICAL VIEW

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|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| CASTOR NCDEX MAY | 6090 is the immediate resistance that has to be breached convincingly for continuation of short-covering. Inability to clear the same may call for sideways to weak trades. | | |
| GUARSEED NCDEX MAY | 5670 is the immediate resistance and a voluminous rise above the same may call for more upsides. Inability to clear the same may call for sideways to weak trades. | | |
| GUARGUM NCDEX MAY | May trade sideways to weak unless 11300 ranges is breached convincingly upside. | | |

Market Buzz

- The National Agricultural Cooperative Marketing Federation of India has purchased 257,718.58 tn mustard seed under the price support scheme in its rabi procurement operations, the agency said in a tweet. As many as 126,622 farmers benefitted from this procurement and 14.04 bln rupees were paid to them, the agency said. The government has set the minimum support price for mustard at 5,450 rupees per 100 kg for the 2023-24 rabi marketing season. The National Agricultural Cooperative Marketing Federation of India purchased mustard in Haryana, Gujarat, Rajasthan, and Madhya Pradesh in this round of procurement, it added.
- India's oilmeal exports surged 138% on year to 575,958 tn in March, data released by the Solvent Extractors' Association of India today showed. The rise in exports was primarily on account of higher shipment of mustard meal, soymeal, and castor seed meal. In March, the country exported 248,063 tn mustard meal, significantly higher than 93,984 tn in the year-ago period. Exports of castor seed meal rose to 39,710 tn from 32,771 tn a year ago, and those of soymeal rose 885% to 235,233 tn. During Apr-Mar, the export of mustard meal rose to a record 2.30 mln tn against 866,407 tn in the year-ago period, and those of soymeal rose 174% to 1.02 mln tn. During Apr-Mar, South Korea imported 914,382 tn of oilmeals from India compared with 643,593 tn a year ago, while Vietnam imported 1.03 mln tn from India, against 609,666 tn a year ago, the association said. In Apr-Mar, 1.23 mln tn oilmeals were exported from Kandla port against 397,575 tn a year ago. About 1.36 mln tn were exported from Mundra port, up 99% from last year. Exports from Mumbai port, including Jawaharlal Nehru Port Trust, were at 405,776 tn against 165,163 tn a year ago. Around 417,339 tn of oilmeals were shipped from Kolkata port compared with 486,611 tn a year ago, along with 878,930 tn from other ports, up 42%, the association said.
- India's vegetable oil imports rose 6.1% on year to 1.17 mln tn in March, the Solvent Extractors' Association of India said on Friday. Vegetable oil imports in the first five months of the oil year beginning November were at 7.06 mln tn as against 5.80 mln tn a year ago, marking a rise of 21.8%. Meanwhile, edible oil imports for these five months were at 6.98 mln tn as against 5.64 mln tn a year ago. The vegetable oil basket consists of edible and non-edible oils. The edible oil import basket comprises crude and refined palm oils, crude soybean oil, and sunflower oil. India imports palm oil from Indonesia and Malaysia, and soybean oil from Argentina. Sunflower oil is imported from Ukraine and Russia. India is the world's largest importer of edible oils. As of Apr 1, about 978,000 tn of edible oil was at ports as against 565,000 tn a year ago. Around 2.5 mln tn was in the pipeline as against 1.6 mln tn in the same period last year, the Solvent Extractors' Association of India said.
- The Soybean Processors Association has scaled up its estimate for soybean output in the 2022 kharif season by 3.1% to 12.4 mln tn, it said in its final estimate released on Saturday. In October, the association had estimated the output at 12 mln tn. The association's final estimate for soybean output is lower than the government's projection of 14 mln tn. According to data by the farm ministry, the total area under the crop in the country is at 12.1 mln ha. However, SOPA has estimated this at 11.5 mln ha. The association has increased its estimate due to higher productivity. It sees soybean yield increasing to 1,084 kg per ha, compared with 1,051 kg per ha in the earlier estimate. In Madhya Pradesh, the largest producer of the oilseed in the country, production is pegged higher at 5.4 mln tn, against 5.3 mln tn in the previous year. The yield in the state is seen increasing to 1,069 kg per ha from 1,051 kg per ha, the release said. The output in Maharashtra is seen higher at 4.9 mln tn, compared with 4.7 mln tn. The yield is seen rising to 1,134 kg per ha from 1,080 kg per ha. Other states growing soybean include Rajasthan, Telangana, Karnataka, Chhattisgarh, and Gujarat. SOPA said a mid-term review of the estimates for the soybean crop in the 2022 kharif season was undertaken in March. "The revised estimates are based on the field survey carried out by teams of SOPA from 22nd March to 3rd April 2023, covering an area of around 7,000 km in 37 major soybean growing districts of Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, and Rajasthan," it said in the release. The field survey covered interaction with APMCs, farmers, traders, brokers, soybean processors, warehouses and stockists, it added. According to D.N. Pathak, executive director of SOPA, farmers are still holding about half their produce, hoping for a repeat of the higher prices seen in the last two years. They expect prices to hit around 7,000 rupees per 100 kg, against the prevailing price of around 5,000 rupees in many places. Soybean, the largest grown oilseed in India, is sown in Jun-Jul and harvested in Sep-Oct.
- The US Department of Agriculture has scaled down its estimate for global production of oilseeds in 2022-23 (May-Apr) to 625.4 mln tn from 629.9 mln last month. The agency projected global soybean output in 2022-23 at 369.6 mln tn, 6 mln tn lower than the estimate in March. Global soybean exports are also seen marginally lower at 168.0 mln tn compared with 168.4 mln tn last month mainly on lower exports from Uruguay, the agency said in its April report. In 2022-23, Argentina is seen exporting 3.4 mln tn of soybean, unchanged from the projection a month ago. Exports by Brazil and Paraguay are estimated at 92.7 mln tn and 6.4 mln tn, respectively. Soybean production in Brazil is estimated at 154.0 mln tn, up from 153.0 mln tn in March. Meanwhile, production in Argentina is estimated at 27.0 mln tn, down 6 mln tn from last month's projection. The agency has estimated soybean production in the US at 116.4 mln tn, unchanged from its projection last month. Brazil is the world's top producer of soybean, followed by the US and Argentina. The agency has scaled up its estimate for global ending stocks of soybean to 100.3 mln tn from 100 mln tn in March. "Soybean ending stocks are raised fractionally, with higher stocks for China and Brazil that are mostly offset by lower stocks for Argentina," the agency said. The estimate for global soybean production in 2022-23 has been scaled down to 59.3 mln tn from 60.2 mln tn a month ago. The agency has revised its estimate for global soybean exports in 2022-23 marginally lower to 11.2 mln tn from 11.8 mln tn the previous month. The department has projected global soymeal output in 2022-23 at 247.6 mln tn, down from 251.4 mln tn in March. The agency estimates global exports of soymeal at 65.9 mln tn compared with 68.2 mln tn pegged last month. Soymeal, a derivative of soybean, is manufactured by crushing the oilseed and is mainly used in the production of poultry feed.
- India's soymeal exports in March rose 316.7% on year to 200,000 tn, the Soybean Processors Association of India said. For Oct-Mar, soymeal exports increased to 999,000 tn from 474,000 tn in the previous year. The 2022-23 kharif season began in October. Soymeal is primarily used as poultry and livestock feed. Indian soymeal is non-genetically modified and considered rich in protein. In March, production of soymeal rose to 643,000 tn from 519,000 tn a year ago. The output for Oct-Mar was 4.8 mln tn, up from 3.4 mln tn in the year-ago period, SOPA said. Soybean arrivals in spot markets totalled 600,000 tn in March, unchanged against a year ago. During Oct-Mar, arrivals rose to 7.7 mln tn from 6.1 mln tn in the year-ago period. By the end of March, mills, traders, and farmers were left with around 7.1 mln tn of soybean stock, the association said. Soybean, a kharif oilseed, is sown during Jun-Jul and harvested in Sep-Oct.
- Production of crude palm oil in Malaysia fell 14.7% on month to 1.38 mln tn in January, data from the Malaysian Palm Oil Board showed. Exports of palm oil in January fell 23% on month to 1.14 mln tn, while those of biodiesel were down 5.1% on month at 14,239 tn, the data showed. Palm oil is also used to make biofuel. Total stocks of palm oil in the country were down 2.9% on month at 1.26 mln tn as of January end. The production of crude palm oil in Malaysia rose 2.8% on month to 1.29 mln tn in March, data from the Malaysian Palm Oil Board showed. Exports of palm oil in March climbed 31.8% on month to 1.49 mln tn, while those of biodiesel surged 119% on month to 32,127 tn, the data showed. Palm oil is also used to make biofuel. Total stocks of palm oil in the country fell 23.2% on month to 891,653 tn as of March end. Malaysia is the world's second-largest producer of crude palm oil, and India is the largest consumer of edible oils in the world.
- India is likely to produce 11.5 mln tn of mustard in the 2022-23 crop year (Jul-Jun), 1.3 mln tn lower than the government's latest estimate, according to a recent crop survey conducted by The Solvent Extractors' Association of India. In 2021-22, India produced 12.0 mln tn of mustard, according to the data from the farm ministry. The association has estimated the country's mustard acreage at 9.6 mln ha, lower than the government's estimate of 9.8 mln ha last month. However, the acreage estimated by the association is up almost 5% on year. Mustard is one of the main crops grown in India during the rabi season. The normal area under the crop is 6.3 mln ha. Production of the oilseed is estimated to be the highest in Rajasthan at 4.5 mln tn, followed by Madhya Pradesh at 1.8 mln tn, and Uttar Pradesh at 1.7 mln tn. The association will conduct its third and final field survey in Apr-May, according to a release.
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TECHNICAL LEVELS

| Commodity | Exchange | Open* | High* | Low* | Close* | S3 | S2 | S1 | Pivot | R1 | R2 | R3 |
|-----------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| JEERAUNJHA MAY3 | NCDEX | 45480 | 45780 | 44005 | 45490 | 42628 | 43317 | 44403 | 45092 | 46178 | 46867 | 47953 |
| TMCFGRNZM MAY3 | NCDEX | 7148 | 7470 | 7040 | 7214 | 6583 | 6811 | 7013 | 7241 | 7443 | 7671 | 7873 |
| DHANIYA MAY3 | NCDEX | 6660 | 6828 | 6632 | 6694 | 6412 | 6522 | 6608 | 6718 | 6804 | 6914 | 7000 |
| CASTORSEED MAY3 | NCDEX | 5945 | 6078 | 5912 | 6011 | 5757 | 5912 | 5923 | 6000 | 6089 | 6166 | 6255 |
| GUARSEED10 MAY3 | NCDEX | 5564 | 5620 | 5545 | 5581 | 5469 | 5507 | 5544 | 5582 | 5619 | 5657 | 5694 |
| GUARGUM5 MAY3 | NCDEX | 11160 | 11249 | 11060 | 11160 | 10875 | 10967 | 11064 | 11156 | 11253 | 11345 | 11442 |
| MENTHAOIL MAY3 | MCX | 1039.0 | 1045.0 | 1036.0 | 1036.0 | 1024 | 1030 | 1033 | 1039 | 1042 | 1048 | 1051 |
| COCUDAKL MAY3 | NCDEX | 2618 | 2618 | 2581 | 2591 | 2538 | 2560 | 2575 | 2597 | 2612 | 2634 | 2649 |
| KAPAS NOV3 | NCDEX | #N/A | #N/A | #N/A | 1613.0 | #N/A |
| COTTONCNDY JUN3 | MCX | 62940 | 62940 | 62700 | 62800 | 62447 | 62573 | 62687 | 62813 | 62927 | 63053 | 63167 |

Pivot Point: A predictive indicator of the market which is calculated as an average of significant prices from the performance of a market in the prior trading period. An open above the pivot point is generally considered bullish and vice versa.
S1, S2 & S3 are supports and **R1, R2, and R3** are resistances from where a turnaround can be anticipated.
*Open, High, Low and Close prices of previous trading day / ^Cottonseed Oil Cake

TRADING SIGNALS

| Commodities | Exchange | Intraday | | Medium term | | RSI | | Volatility | |
|-----------------|----------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|----------|-------|------------|--|
| | | View | 13 day EMA | 22 day EMA | Condition | Trending | 1 day | Annualised | |
| JEERAUNJHA MAY3 | NCDEX | FLAT/CHOPPY | POSITIVE | POSITIVE | Overbought | Weak | 2.28% | 36.2% | |
| TMCFGRNZM MAY3 | NCDEX | NEGATIVE | NEGATIVE | NEGATIVE | Neutral | Strong | 0.91% | 14.4% | |
| DHANIYA MAY3 | NCDEX | POSITIVE | POSITIVE | POSITIVE | Neutral | Strong | 1.66% | 26.4% | |
| GUARSEED10 MAY3 | NCDEX | POSITIVE | POSITIVE | NEGATIVE | Neutral | Strong | 1.48% | 23.4% | |
| GUARGUM5 MAY3 | NCDEX | POSITIVE | POSITIVE | NEGATIVE | Neutral | Strong | 1.67% | 26.5% | |
| CASTORSEED MAY3 | NCDEX | POSITIVE | NEGATIVE | NEGATIVE | Neutral | Strong | 1.16% | 18.4% | |
| KAPAS FEB4 | NCDEX | NEGATIVE | NEGATIVE | NEGATIVE | Oversold | Strong | 0.29% | 4.6% | |
| COTTONCNDY JUN3 | MCX | FLAT/CHOPPY | POSITIVE | POSITIVE | Neutral | Strong | 0.78% | 12.4% | |
| COCUDAKL MAY3 | NCDEX | NEGATIVE | POSITIVE | POSITIVE | Neutral | Strong | 1.41% | 22.4% | |
| MENTHAOIL MAY3 | MCX | POSITIVE | POSITIVE | POSITIVE | Neutral | Strong | 0.86% | 13.7% | |

Trading signals is prepared based on statistical analysis and is purely on technical indicators like exponential moving averages (EMAs), Relative strength Index (RSI) and stochastic, putting altogether provides an idea about intraday, short, medium and long term trend of the commodities. It also signals the risk of an investment in both agricultural and global commodities as well. Based on all listed indicators above, investors were able to fix a daily, near-term and long term trends. However, must be cautious especially for real-time intraday traders/jobbers.

Trading Strategy based on EMA

Trading strategies mentioned in the report is mainly based on 3, 5, 13, 22, 45 & 60 days exponential Moving Averages. 3 and 5 day EMA has taken for developing Intraday trading strategy, 13 days and 22 days EMA for Short term and Medium term, while 45,60 days EMA for Long term. Here, we use EMAs for POSITIVE and NEGATIVE signals. POSITIVE signal is formed when a short-term moving average (eg: 30 day) crosses from below a longer-term average (eg: 60 day), which is considered bullish. Likewise, NEGATIVE signal is formed when a short-term moving average (eg: 30 day) crosses from above a longer-term moving average (eg: 60 day), which is considered bearish.

Intraday and Overall view The section is consist of both Intraday and Overall view. The Intraday view is calculated by netting out of POSITIVEs/NEGATIVEs/FLAT signals

| Annualised Volatility > | Risk % | Ratings | Risk % | Ratings | Risk % | Ratings | Risk % | Ratings | Risk % | Ratings |
|-------------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|----------|----------|---------------|---------|
| > 35% | Very High risk | 27 to 34% | High risk | 20 to 26% | Moderate risk | 11 to 19% | Low risk | 1 to 10% | Very Low risk | |



Strong bias or bullish



Mild bullish bias



Choppy or Sideways



Choppy with positive note

Weak bias or bearish



Mild bearish bias



Choppy with negative note



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